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Vulcan Advocate

VOL. III No. 40

THE VULCAN ADVOCATE, May 24th 1916

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SNOW AND RAIN STORM PREVAILS

Commenced Sunday Night
and Was General Over
Entire Province

On Sunday night snow commenced to fall over the south of the province from Calgary to the boundary, and from the Rockies mountains to the eastern border of the province. It commenced at about half past eleven to twelve in this district. Snow fell all that night and the greater part of Monday, when it turned to rain which seems likely to continue over Tuesday into the latter part of the week.

While there was no great anxiety for moisture the farmers are very glad indeed to see it. Probably the farms to the south of town required it more than those to the north, where the soil is heavier. But the recent winds had taken much of the moisture from the topsoil, and this will now be made good. There was plenty of moisture in the lower soil.

The effect of the rain has been to lower the price of wheat, which dropped two cents on the Winnipeg market on Monday.

Calgary Exhibition

There is more than the usual amount of interest being taken in connection with the prize list which has just been issued by the Calgary Industrial Exhibition, to be held June 29th to July 5th. The prizes in the live stock department are to be paid on a basis of the number of entries in each class, the prizes increasing in number as well as in value as the entries increase. A definite sum is guaranteed to the exhibitors; the balance will be di-

Make Presentation to Mrs. D. K. Allan

On Monday May 15th Mrs. W. H. Grant and Mrs. Trail gave a social afternoon at the residence of the latter, to the members of the Ladies Aid. A very large number of the members were present.

During the afternoon Mrs. W. A. Howes, the president, on behalf of the members, presented Mrs. D. K. Allan with a number of suitable gifts, including an ebony toilet set, as a slight recognition of the esteem in which they held her and the splendid work she had accomplished during her stay in Vulcan. The members wished Mrs. Allan every possible success in the new field of labour to which she was going.

vided among those who exhibited.

\$1300 is offered for the Bread and Cooking classes. There are special classes for White and Brown Bread made by residents living outside of Calgary apart from similar classes for the citizens of Calgary. A very generous increase has been made to the prizes for dairy products. The entries close on June 15th, and prize lists may be obtained by addressing a letter to E. L. Richardson, Manager, Calgary.

An exceptionally strong programme of attractions has been provided including the greatest woman Loop-the-Loop Aviator, a reproduction of trenches with barbed wire entanglements, bomb proof houses, etc., as in use in the present war. The March of the Allies illustrating the several armies fighting our cause in the present war, will be most interesting. This was undoubtedly the best feature at the Canadian National Exhibition last year.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

Messrs. O. A. Craig and S. Weeks motored to Nanton.

Miss A. Watts is visiting in Nanton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Stowell are visiting at Calgary.

The Club Billiard hall was opened on Saturday.

Mr. W. A. Pentland is visiting at Nanton.

Mr. W. Frost, of the Vulcan Trading Co. staff, is at present in Calgary, from where he is bringing his family to reside in Vulcan.

Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the graduate optician, and exclusive eye sight specialist, 32 years experience, 12 years in Alberta. Calgary office, phone M1121, will again visit Champion, Friday 16th, and Vulcan, Saturday 17th. Charges are moderate. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

The Rev. Fr. Smith, of High River, was in Vulcan on Saturday, and Catholic services were held at the Ferrodale school. The next Catholic service will be held in the Ferrodale school house on Sunday June 11th, at 9-30 a. m.

Rexall orderlies keep the bowels regular and healthy. Their action is gentle, mild and soothing. Sold only by Rexall Drug Stores, 15c and 25c boxes. —D. C. Jones druggist.

A committee meeting of the Agricultural Society directors who are running the first of July celebration was held on Saturday last, when the programme for the celebration was drawn up.

Mr. Hall, drayman for the Vulcan Co-operative Company, has made arrangements with the council to do the scavenging of the village. Those who require removal of any refuse will do well to see him.

Gleichen Stampede

At a fully attended meeting of last year's backers held recently at the Gleichen Rancher's Club, the advisability of holding a stampede this year as the most popular means of obtaining funds for patriotic purposes, was thoroughly gone into and it was unanimously agreed that it should be held on Wednesday and Thursday, June 14th and 15th, and that an appeal be made to all to support the backers in voluntarily giving every assistance in their power to make these two dates a great patriotic gathering for the purpose of collecting the financial support it is the duty of all to give and which is so much needed by the great patriotic societies of our country.

A sum totalling around \$5,000, has been advanced by the backers, and, under the presidency of Mr. Chris. Bartsch, very strong committees of management, advertisement, entertainment and finance have been formed with James Young as managing director and Ad Day of Medicine Hat as arena director. Mr. Day is bringing with him his well known bunch of bucking horses which are reported to be in fine form this year. These, with many local bad performers which are coming in will make the winning of the Gold Championship medal anything but a sinecure.

Local ranchers have already donated six mavericks for that

(Continued on page 8)

Mrs. H.W. Reeves is visiting in Calgary.

Mr. George Hoadley, M.L.A., was in town on Monday.

Mr. Mutz was a visitor to Fernie last week.

The Vulcan Co-operative Company are shipping hogs on Wednesday, June 7th.

Mr. R.L. Elves left for a short visit to Cayley on Monday evening.

Dr. Stanley, M. L. A., of High River, was in town last week end.

The Rev. and Mrs. D.K. Allan and family left on Monday evening for their new home at Coleman. A number of friends were at the depot to bid them farewell.

The Rev. and Mrs. Toombs drove over from Nanton on Saturday. Mr. Toombs occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian Church on Sunday.

Falling Hair ann Danruff can be stopped, and the growth improved, by Rexall "93" Hair Tonic, which all Rexall Drug Stores guarantee. —D. C. Jones druggist.

Mr. P.W.L. Clark was in Calgary last week and attended the Law Association banquet on Friday evening.

The mail service on Rural Route No. 1, south, will leave Vulcan at twelve o'clock instead of 9 o'clock, commencing Wednesday, 24th.

The Rev. S. B. Kerr, who was unable to be here to preach the U. F. A. services on Sunday, was in Vulcan on Monday, and met the session and managers of the Presbyterian Church in regard to the vacancy caused by the removal of Rev. D. K. Allan.

Mr. J.E. O'Rourke, of Strathmore, is taking the place of Mr. Pentland at the Bank of Commerce.

A meeting of the committee of the Red Cross society was held in the Masonic hall on Tuesday evening.

When driving into town on Saturday Mr. Chas. S. Hay had what might have been a serious accident. Nearing the railway crossing his horses took fright, and wheeling round, started on the homeward journey, throwing Mr. Hay from the buggy. Fortunately Mr. Hay was not hurt.

Loma News

Seeding is practically completed in the Loma community.

Mr. E. Steiner has purchased a new Ford car.

Mr. C. H. Campbell has ordered a new Chevrolet car.

Mrs. J. Morrison has returned from a visit to her parents in N. Dakota.

Mrs. D. Morrison was taken to Lethbridge Hospital last week.

Mr. and Mrs. MacLean had visitors from Gleichen last week.

A nursery man has been in the neighbourhood receiving large orders for fall delivery.

A very enjoyable evening was spent last Friday at Mr. E. Stiner's barn dance. The music was provided by Mrs. C.H. Campbell, Messrs. McMullen, Rebbie, and MacLean.

Patriotic Dance Held at Champion

On Friday last the bachelors of Champion gave a Patriotic dance which was splendidly attended, a large number of people from the surrounding country being present.

The music was supplied by the Calgary orchestra, and during the evening a dainty supper was served.

Although we do not know the exact amount which was raised, the sum to be handed over to Patriotic purposes will be a large one.

Among those from Vulcan who were present were Mr. and Mrs. C.E. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Beardsley, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Stowell, Mrs. B.J. Kleebe, Mr. and Mrs. M. Lebow, Miss E. Farrand, Miss G. Rutten, Miss Patterson, Messrs. J. McDodald, Stewart, Anderson, McQueen, R. Walker and J. Clauson.

A New Elevator

A new elevator is shortly to be built in Vulcan. The promoters of the scheme are Messrs. George Terwilliger and R.J. Dean, and Mr. Dean will be the manager.

The building will be erected on the site of the present Taylor elevator, and the building on the site now will be used as an annex to the new elevator. Building operations will be commenced about the first of June, and the name of the elevator will be the Vulcan Elevator. This is the fifth elevator for Vulcan, the others being the National, the Alberta Pacific, the Alberta Farmers, and the Terwilliger.

U. F. A. SERVICES SUNDAY LAST

Rev. Toombs, in Able Address
Speaks on Applied
Christianity

Owing, no doubt, to the unsettled state of the weather last Sunday evening, there was hardly as large a congregation as was anticipated at the evening service of the Presbyterian Church. Although the hall was not filled, there was a fairly large gathering of people from Vulcan, not many of those from the country districts being present.

The pulpit was occupied by the Rev. Mr. Toombs, of Nanton, as the Rev. S. B. Kerr, of Okotoks was unable to be present.

Mr. Toombs' subject was 'Applied Christianity' and his sermon was one of practical commonsense on the application of religious principles to every-day life.

Mr. Toombs read a notice declaring the pulpit vacant.

Mr. S. Colwell, the president of the local branch of the U.F.A., also spoke. After touching on the subject of a Farmers' Sunday, Mr. Colwell drew attention to recent progressive legislation for which the U.F.A. had been largely responsible.

A solo was very well sung by Miss McEwan.

On Sunday next, May 28th the pulpit will again be occupied by Mr. Toombs.

TIME FOR BEDDING PLANTS

Make your home surroundings attractive by planting a selection from our list of bedding plants.

	Transplanted per doz.	Out of Pots per doz.
ASTERS, in separate colors or mixed	25c	35c
BALSAM, mixed colors	25c	35c
CANTERBURY BELLS, a very popular biennial	35c	50c
CANDYTUFF, white wellflowered stem	25c	35c
CARNATION, marguerite, mixed colors	25c	35c
FORGET-ME-NOT, biennial	25c	35c
GYPSOPHYLLA (baby's breath) annual	25c	35c
LOBELIA, white or blue for border	25c	35c
MIGNONETTE, noted for its fragrance	25c	50c
NASTURTIUM, tall or dwarf	25c	35c
PANSIES, extra choice varieties	35c	50c
PANSIES, good varieties	25c	35c
PETUNIAS, extra good varieties	35c	50c
POPPY, California, annual	25c	35c
PHLOX, Drummondii, mixed colors	25c	35c
STOCKS, very best variety	25c	35c
VERBENA, one of the best bedding plants	25c	35c
WALLFLOWER, very fragrant	25c	35c

THE VEGETABLE GARDEN

Cabbage, early and late varieties 15c doz., 1.00 per 100. Red Cabbage 15c doz., 1.00 per hundred. Celery, late and early 20 doz., 1.50 per 100. Cauliflower, the best variety 20c per doz. 1.50 per hundred. Tomatoes the best varieties 20c per doz., 1.50 per hundred.

All the Vegetable Plants are transplanted and not grown too fast. Tomato Plants, out of pots 50c, 75c and 1.00 per doz. Cucumber Plants, out of pots 50c, 75c and 1.00.

We Take Orders for Shrubs and Perennial Plants.

D. C. JONES

DRUGGIST *Small Remedies* VULCAN

All Kinds of

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

STRAWBERRIES and ASPARAGUS

THE 4X MARKET

HAIL INSURANCE!

Read what our clients say about
our Companies
THE BRITISH CROWN

Dear Sirs:

In regard to settlement of my hail loss by the British Crown last year, I beg to say that I was more than satisfied with the treatment I received.

Before the adjuster came around I was told by many that the company would surely try and back out of paying on a loss so early in the season, and it was therefore a pleasant surprise to me when the adjuster of the company allowed a very liberal loss of 70 per cent.

In addition to this generous settlement the promptness with which the loss was settled could not be more satisfactory.

I received my cheque in full two days after the adjuster inspected the loss, and I can highly recommend the British Crown to any farmer who wants to get fair treatment and immediate settlement of loss.

Yours truly, George R. Burns.

THE CANADA HAIL

Dear Sirs:

I was agreeably surprised to find that your Company, The Canada Hail, made such favorable adjustments and prompt settlement as I found to be the case last year.

My loss was fairly heavy and yet your Company made no attempt to cut down adjustment, but endeavored to make a fair and reasonable settlement. Moreover, cheque in settlement of loss was received per return and I am pleased indeed with the treatment I received.

Yours very truly George Todd

FLOOD, WHICHER & ELVES

VULCAN - - - - - ALBERTA

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Bile, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.

Antacid



THE WORLD'S BEST POLISH

Consumption

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET CONTAINING FULL PARTICULARS OF OUR TREATMENT.

Nature's Creation Company of Canada, Limited
Room 14 Cosgrave Bldg., 161 Yonge Street
Toronto - Canada

War News

STOP

and consider the duty you owe your country, your friends and yourself in this great war of right against might. Are you doing your part?

LOOK

around you and see how many of the men you know so well who are "doing their bit." Would you not be happier with them? When the boys return which would give you the greatest pleasure—to cheer or be cheered?

LISTEN

to the pleadings of humanity and of your own conscience. You may never again have such an opportunity to assert your manhood. Why not grasp it now?

300 MEN required to complete the 17th OVERSEAS BATTALION of the CAMERON HIGHLANDERS, a distinctive regiment with a distinctive uniform. —Lieut. Col. J. A. Cantlie, O.C. Any physically fit Britisher is invited to join.

Enlisted men are granted 30 days' leave with pay where they can show they are going to work on farms for seedling.

Transportation will be forwarded to recruits from outside points immediately on receipt of medical certificate from your local doctor. All communications to be addressed to the Adjutant, 17th Cameron Highlanders, Minto street, Winnipeg.

Tragic Folly

It will not be long before the fly season is again with us, accompanied by supplicants from the general press to "swat the fly." Simultaneously, the deadly poison fly paper makes its appearance, with the possible risk of fatal poisoning wherever there are children.

For during 1915 twenty-six cases of fly poisoning were reported from eleven states. In 1914 forty-six children were innocent victims.

This record is in all probability incomplete as symptoms of arsenical poisoning are so similar to those of cholera infantum that even physicians of long experience are likely to confuse them, and the subsequent illness is ascribed to cholera infantum.

The Michigan U.S.A. legislature has already passed a law regulating the sale of poisonous fly papers. The question should be considered by every civic body of Canada and the States to stop infantum mortality from an absolutely unnecessary cause.

Miller's Worm Powders are complete in themselves. They not only drive worms from the system, but repair the damage that worms cause and so invigorate the constitution that it speedily recovers from the disorders of the digestion that are the result of the work of these parasitic intruders. They do their work thoroughly and strength and soundness follow their use.

Farmer's Wife—What do you think of our eggs?
Paying Guest—Too small for their age!

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.
A stitch in the side is more distressing than a stitch in time.

W. N. U. 1102

Victims of a Submarine

The Thrilling Experiences of a British Crew in Eastern Seas

A stirring story of the experience of the crew of a British steamer which was sunk by a submarine in Eastern seas on January 4 is told by Captain Arnold C. B. Groom, late of the steamer Coquet.

Captain Groom described the attempt of the two boats in which the crew left the ship to get into the track of steamers between Port Said, Alexandria and Malta.

The next day Capt. Groom lost sight of the second boat, which was not seen again.

On the 10th Captain Groom landed at a small bay with houses in the background. These afterward were found to be uninhabited cove dwellings. The boat's crew slept that night on the sands, and on the morning of the 11th the captain and three men set out to try to find some human being who could tell them which way to head for the nearest civilized place. They met an Arab, who returned with them to the camp, where there was a Greek fireman who spoke Arabic.

After a night in the cave dwellings the rest of the party, fifteen in number, next morning were attacked by Arabs with rifles. Capt. Groom himself was wounded, and lost consciousness.

Soon afterward a small Italian steamer with the commander of Fort Marsa Suda aboard entered the bay. A sailor named Lord was found lying on the sand wounded. He said the other members of the crew had been carried off by Bedouins. The commander of Fort Marsa Suda then took Capt. Groom and the sailor aboard the little steamer, and they eventually reached England.

It is presumed that some of the British sailors rescued from tribesmen on the Egyptian border included members of the Coquet's crew.

Capt. Groom, speaking of the sinking of his steamer, said:

"While all this was happening the commander of the submarine asked me many questions. The two lifeboats were near the submarine again now, and balling was in full progress in each boat with two or three buckets. I pointed this out to the commander of the submarine and the fact that both of the huge planks of the boats had most likely been sprung alongside his wash deck. I told him it was nothing short of murder to send thirty men away like that in the middle of winter, too, so far from land. He laughed and said he would save the next ship and send her to look for us."

After relating the kind treatment extended to him by the Italians, Captain Groom said: "The submarine had no mark or number on her, but I concluded she was Austrian, as the officers on her had the Austrian crown on the badges of their caps."

No Rest With Asthma.—Asthma usually attacks at night, the one time when rest is needed most. Hence the loss of strength, the nervous debility, the loss of flesh and other evils which must be expected unless relief is secured. Fortunately relief is possible. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has proved its merits through years of service. A trial will surely convince you.

Enslaving the Serbians

It has been decided to send 15,000 more Serbians into Germany to work on the land. Seven thousand men, forced by the Germans to leave their families and occupations, have already been deported and are working in Germany.

To all intents and purposes these deported Serbians are slaves. Each man receives a nominal salary of two marks a day, but he has to buy his own food, which swallows up the whole of his pay. Moreover all the Serbians are lodged in special camps, and any attempt to escape is punished by death.

Switzerland's national defence is a national compulsory service system. Every man, with a few minor exceptions, is liable for service between the ages of 17 and 48. At the age of 20 the recruit is trained for from 60 to 90 days, depending on the branch of service he chooses to enter. Then he is enrolled in the "Auszug," or "Elite," in which he has to train eleven days a year for seven of the years up to the age of 32.

Bix—By the way, who is, or rather was, the god of war?
Bix—I've forgotten the duffer's name, but I think it was Ananias.

HANDY HUSBAND

Knew How to Get Part of the Breakfast

"I know one dish I can prepare for breakfast as well as any cook on earth," said my husband one morning when the cook was ill and he had volunteered to help get breakfast. He appeared with his dish and I discovered it was Grape-Nuts which, of course, was easy to prepare for it was perfectly cooked at the factory, but it was a good illustration of the convenience of having Grape-Nuts about.

"We took up Grape-Nuts immediately after returning from a five years' sojourn in a hot country. Our stomachs were in bad condition and we were in poor health generally.

"In a day or two we liked Grape-Nuts better than any other kind of food on the table. We both gained steadily in health and strength, and this was caused by Grape-Nuts and Postum.

"A friend of ours had a similar experience. She was seriously ill with indigestion and could find nothing to eat that would not give her heartburn and palpitation, especially at night.

"She found that a small dish of Grape-Nuts with cream made her a satisfactory supper and gave her a comfortable night's rest. In a short time she gained several pounds in weight."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

PILES

Are you a sufferer? Know that terrible aching, dragging-down pain, that robs you of pleasure, even of rest, and makes life miserable? Don't you believe in the law of averages? If a remedy has cured hundreds of people, don't you think it likely it might at least cure you?

Just give Zam-Buk a fair trial! Mr. J. McEwen, of Dundas, suffered from piles for fifteen years. He says: "I tried pretty nearly everything, but got no permanent relief until I tried Zam-Buk. This balm relieved the pain; continued use completely and permanently cured me."

The rich herbal essences of which Zam-Buk is composed, quickly remove congestion, relieve the dull, gnawing, burning pain, and cure.

All druggists and stores, or post-paid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 50c. box; 3 boxes \$1.25.

ZAM-BUK

Wood's Phosphatine.

The Great English Remedy. Used in French Hospitals with Great Success. Cures Chronic Weakness, Lost Vigor, Nervous Debility, Blood Diseases, Rheumatism, Indigestion, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain package on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Widens).

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, N. 1, N. 2, N. 3.

THERAPION

THERAPION

Manitoba Game Protection Laws

For the Protection of the Prairie Chicken and Other Game Birds and Insectivorous Birds

It is unlawful and strictly against the provisions of the Manitoba Game Protection Act to use poison, poisonous grain or any other poisonous substance for the killing of gophers, rats or other vermin in the haunts of, or in the neighborhood of the haunts of game birds or insectivorous birds. See section 28 of the act quoted here-with:

"28. No person shall use poison, poisonous grain, or other poisonous substance, for the killing of gophers, rats or other vermin, in the haunts of or in the neighborhood of the haunts of game birds or insectivorous birds, unless such poison, poisonous grain or other poisonous substance is placed in holes."

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is said to be the richest sovereign in Europe in her own right, her income being enormous from the crown lands and from her vast colonies.

Give a reckless man rope enough and he will pawn it for a drink.

Can Do My Work Pain is All Gone

MISS DOLLIE McCLAIN TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Alberta Lady Tells of Quick and Complete Cure Through Using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Ferguson Flats, Alberta.—(Special).—"Yes, I am very glad I can say that I have tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and found them all that is claimed for them." So says Miss Dollie McClain, an estimable lady residing here.

"I was troubled with a sore back that made me almost helpless. I took one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and my back is all right. I can do my work and the pain is all gone."

Thousands of women in Canada are suffering daily tortures from pain in the back. Thousands of others like Miss McClain are doing their work without an effort because they took the advice of others and cured their backache by using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Every woman should use Dodd's Kidney Pills. They are the finest tonic in the world because, acting directly on the kidneys, they tone up those organs to do their full work of straining all the impurities out of the blood. Pure blood means new strength for all parts of the body. New strength means new cheerfulness. That is why so many women so cheerfully testify to the benefit received from using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

What Did They Mean?

"How was your speech received last night?" asked one commuter of another.

"Well," was the reply, "when I sat down they all said that it was the best thing I ever did."

KEEP CHILDREN WELL

To keep little ones well, the bowels must be kept regular and the stomach sweet. Nine-tenths of childhood ailments are caused by derangements of these organs. Baby's Own Tablets never fail to regulate the stomach and bowels—that is why thousands of mothers would give no other medicine to their little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Chas. A. Turner, Marie Joseph, N.S., writes: "We have been using Baby's Own Tablets off and on for the past year and a half and have found nothing to equal them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"This is a hard world," said one laborer to another.

"Yes, O! do be thinkin' av that every time O! put me pickaxe into it."

"I understood the text, all right," remarked Aunt Ann Peebles, after the sermon was over; "but the preacher's explanation of it puzzled me a good deal."

A Clever Soldier

British Prisoner Escapes From the Germans in a Remarkable Manner

A certain soldier is now the pride of his regiment in consequence of the skill and daring with which he extricated himself from a very tight corner. The man was sent out on patrol duty with another. They were surprised by a party of the enemy in considerably stronger force, and called upon to surrender. They replied by firing, and killed a German, after which his companion bolted. The unnamed hero permitted himself to be taken. He was thereupon disarmed and searched. But his captors failed to observe that with sleight-of-hand skill he was concealing a grenade in his capacious fist. This he dexterously returned to his pocket when the Boches had finished rummaging his tunic. The disconsolate looking Tommy was borne in triumph to the German lines. For some reason he appears to have been left in charge of a solitary sentinel, whilst the rest of the party moved away. Quietly withdrawing the bomb from his pocket, he suddenly broke from his posture of cowed subjection, and brought the object down with a tremendous whack upon the skull of his guard. The German dropped like a log, his rifle and bayonet clattering to the ground. Tommy then took to his heels in the direction of the British lines, but had not gone far when he came upon another German patrol. Challenged to surrender, he stood still and allowed the enemy to approach close to him. Then suddenly he hurled the grenade right into the midst of the little group. There was an immediate explosion, followed by cries and groans, and the gallant soldier continued his sprint, returning safely to tell the story to his cheering comrades.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

What Else Matters?

We are fighting against a nation which by countless deeds of horror have proved themselves outlaws from humanity. We have trampled upon international law and the rights of the weak, who are striving to destroy all the higher ideals of Christian civilization and of human liberty and to substitute for them the brutalizing and materialize principles of so-called German "Kultur." What does anything else matter compared with our winning the victory against such an enemy, and should not the purpose to achieve it be the dominating interest of our present lives, shaping all our thoughts, and determining all our acts?—The Times of India.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is said to be the richest sovereign in Europe in her own right, her income being enormous from the crown lands and from her vast colonies.

Give a reckless man rope enough and he will pawn it for a drink.

Avoid caustic and acid preparations that discolor and damage aluminum. Keep your utensils bright as new by using

Old Dutch



Spring Feeding

Fortunate are the feeders of dairy cattle who have wisely provided an ample amount of palatable feed for the early spring months. At this time the appetite of the dairy cow begins to lag and feeds which were eaten with a relish in the fall and winter have but little attraction now. It is always a good plan to feed the poorer class of feed while the appetite is good and to save the brightest clover or alfalfa and the soundest corn for those trying months just before grass. Ordinarily it will pay where good palatable feed is not on hand to purchase such stuff as is needed to maintain the milk flow until the cows can be turned out to grass. Larger returns from the pasturage will result.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Stave Island, in the St. Lawrence river, has been accepted by the militia department for a rest retreat and summer home for convalescent soldiers.

Pleasure Motoring to be Restricted

"State restriction of motoring is the next step likely to be taken by the British government," says the Gazette's London correspondent, in order to save the wastage of petrol. At the head of Park Lane and in other parts of London are big wall posters with the advice: "Don't use your motor car for pleasure."

The Royal Automobile Club has done its utmost to induce its members to adopt this advice, but the diffidence of some has led to the same result as in the attestation for military service, as thousands who voluntarily deny themselves the use of their motors see their neighbors going about as usual. The plan of restriction suggested is the imposition of a daily mileage limit for private cars or their restriction to a certain area.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Ominous

"I purchased a lovely round oak dining table this morning," said Mrs. Hasher.

"That being the case," rejoined the star boarder, "I suppose we need expect no more square meals."

A safe and sure medicine for a child troubled with worms is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

It is being recalled that France spent \$772,000,000 in helping the United States to become a republic. But it must not be forgotten that this was really a war measure against Britain with whom France was then at war.

THERE IS HEALTH IN RICH RED BLOOD

ANAEMIA

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THE IMPORTANCE OF THE AERIAL FLEET IN CONDUCT OF THE WAR

SOME NOTABLE EXPLOITS OF FIGHTING AIRMEN

It is Stated That There are Now More Than Ten Thousand Airmen Engaged in the War, and More Men Being Added To the Service as Fast as They Can be Trained

According to E. LaRue Jones, editor of Aeronautics, New York, there are more than 10,000 airmen engaged in the war. The numbers are being added to daily as fast as men can be trained and new machines designed. In the earlier days of the war the chief services of the aeroplanes were as scouts. They took the places formerly held by cavalry. They gave news of the enemies' movements, spotted his guns and batteries and directed the fire of their own artillery. As time went on, and as the skill of the aviators and of the designers of aeroplanes increased, they undertook offensive warfare. Aeroplanes now travel for hundreds of miles to the enemy's territory and drop tons of bombs, feats that would have been pronounced impossible two years ago. In fact, the aeroplane has surpassed expectations as greatly as the dirigibles, notably the Zeppelins, have fallen below them.

As the war has advanced it has proved that the best type of aeroplane for war service is the biplane. Since the Germans, with all their wonderful preparations, had pinned their faith upon the Taubes, which are monoplanes, they were found at a considerable disadvantage in every respect save numbers when the war began. The Taubes were all right for scouting purposes, but they lacked the stability and carrying power of the biplanes. The French, too, had many monoplanes in the service, but these were gradually discarded, and as months past now all the belligerents have been concentrating their efforts upon improving and strengthening the type of machine invented by the Wright brothers. The new German Fokker machine is of this type. The French army is now supplied with a fighting aeroplane driven by a 200 horsepower motor. It has a speed of 85 miles an hour, carries a crew of four men, and is armed with a six-inch gun that throws an explosive shell.

There are several types of aeroplanes of more than 100 horsepower, and some of them give a speed of nearly a mile and a half a minute, and carry enough petrol for an 18-hour journey. There is another machine that will carry a dead weight of three tons at a speed of a mile a minute. The weight-carrying capacity of these machines is likely to be thrown into the shade when the gigantic aeroplanes now under construction for the Russian government are completed. The Fokker machines, while a vast improvement on the aeroplanes hitherto depended on by Germany, have not shown any improvement upon the best used by the Allies. Several of them have been shot down by French and British aviators. Guynemer, the famous French aviator, who was wounded a few days ago, has already shot to pieces a couple of the Fokkers.

Without disparaging the feats of skill and daring done by the German aviators, men like Boelke, Baron von Althaus and Lieut. Immelmann, it may fairly be claimed that the British and French aviators are their superiors. The greatest achievement of an aviator in this war stands to the credit of a British flight officer, Lieut. Warneford, who single-handed, attacked and destroyed a Zeppelin. It was as though a hummingbird destroyed an eagle. To the deep regret of the British empire, Lieut. Warneford was accidentally killed a couple of days later when testing a new machine. Roland Garros, the famous French aviator, now a German prisoner, is one of the most daring and skilful aviators whom the war has developed, though indeed he was a famous trick flyer in days of peace. He had destroyed several aeroplanes before being forced to descend in enemy territory and surrender.

One of his exploits, which showed not only the daring of Garros, but his humanity, occurred some months ago. A new German machine, an Aviatik, was sighted approaching the French lines at terrific speed. Half a dozen flyers with their pilots dashed for their machines, but before one of them was seated they heard a whirling noise overhead, and saw Garros, first, as usual, and alone, rising for the contest. Garros flew low, keeping in the shadows. The Aviatik passed him and apparently did not notice the Frenchman. Then he suddenly rose in the rear of the German and began to circle and climb. Before he could get high enough he was spotted, and the German craft wheeled and dropped bombs, which missed Garros, who mounted higher. Then came the rattling of machine guns, and the observers could see white patches in the wings of Garros' machine where the bullets had struck. Garros did not fire. He continued to wheel round and round in a narrowing circle. The Aviatik could not pilot quickly enough to keep the range, and it, too, began to circle. At 400 yards Garros opened fire with his mitrailleuse. First the German gunner collapsed, then his pilot. The Aviatik burst into flames and dived 1,800 feet. The New York Times says "Garros circled gently to the ground and alighted 20 yards from the burning mass. As he approached it he uncovered and saluted. He stood there silent, perhaps sorrowful. As the other airmen rushed forward to the marsh yelling like Derivishes, Garros walked away. They saw tears running down his cheeks."

A London man just back from the states says that a little girl on the train to Pittsburgh was chewing gum. Not only that, but she insisted on pulling it out in long strings and letting it fall back into her mouth again. "Mabel!" said her mother, in a horrified whisper. "Mabel, don't do that. Chew your gum like a little lady."—London Opinion.

Paint About the Farm

An Investment That Will Bring Returns in a Number of Ways

Both buildings and implements require the expenditure of a great deal of money and for this reason, if for no other, it behooves the owner to add to their life of usefulness by giving them a coat of paint whenever necessary. If there is any doubt as to whether the building or implements are in need of paint it will always pay to give them the benefit of the doubt and paint them.

Some people regard paint only as a means of beautifying or adding to the attractiveness of that upon which it is applied but an even more important thing is that it preserves at the same time. An implement that has become so old and dry that it becomes loose and falls apart is a great loss. If given a coat of good paint which fills all cracks thus preventing water from getting in and hastening decay. A small amount of time and money spent in keeping tools and buildings properly painted will be an investment that will bring returns in a number of ways.

In these days when reliable ready mixed paint of any desired color or shade can be had at such reasonable cost it will not pay anyone to try to mix his own paint. In a factory where paint is made it is not only possible to make careful tests to determine just what ingredients, and in what proportions, should be used in order to produce the best product, but it is possible to mix the paint a great deal more thoroughly than could be done in case the ingredients were mixed by hand. A great deal of mixing is required in order to get good paint and it never pays to use anything but a good, reliable brand and a good quality.

Whatever is to be painted should be perfectly dry, free from dirt, dust and grease. For the first, or prime, coat on either new or weather-beaten buildings it will be all right to use two parts of oil to one part of pure white lead. This coat being a pore filler the more oil the wood absorbs the better for the good effects of the paint will be more lasting. This coat should be allowed to dry for at least a week or ten days before another is applied.

For a nicely finished and more durable job it will be necessary to apply three coats although two coats of good paint will give a more effect and will often answer the purpose very well. For the second coat we add about a fourth of a gallon of oil and an eighth of a gallon of turpentine to each gallon of prepared paint. If the prepared paint is purchased in gallon cans it is a good plan to empty all of them into a large vessel and thoroughly mix all together. If the tints in different cans are not just exactly the same, as is sometimes the case, this paint will give a good effect and will tire lot. The third coat should be applied without the addition of any oil or turpentine, and if it is the intention to use only two coats the second should be applied with paint just as it comes from the can.

In applying the paint see that the surface is dry no matter how good the paint is or how well it is applied if the surface is moist the job cannot be a good one and time and money will be wasted. When a moist surface is covered with paint the heat of the sun will in time dry up the moisture which will cause the paint to peel and then it will scale off. When painting see that each coat is nicely and evenly applied and always finish a board out completely to the end. Never lap fresh paint upon dried or partly dried paint for such laps will always show plainly in the finished job.

A Long War

Mr. Asquith declares the purpose of the allies to be not only the restoration of Belgium, but (obviously) compensation for her sufferings; the reconstruction of Serbia, and, as one reads between the lines, and addition to her territory; for France, security against aggression, which can only mean a new eastern frontier; for the small nations conservation of their rights, that is to say, complete and final settlement of the question of nationality in the Balkans, and finally the extinction of Prussian militarism, that is to say, disarmament by Germany, or well defined limitation of armament that will insure peace.

This is a plan of high resolve, of unflinching courage, of adamant resolution, but as the success of it would mean for Germany the abandonment of all her hopes of empire, economic disaster for her people, and her reduction to a second class power, the war will go on until the sword is broken in her hand and she falls exhausted.

Germany, however, does not accept the view proclaimed with stout heart by the allies that the war can end only in their favor. Then there is but one conclusion that the duration of the war cannot be measured by months, that it may go on for years. —New York Sun.

A cheque for slightly more than \$70,703,600, said to be the largest ever drawn, passed through New York clearing house recently. It was made by J. P. Morgan & Co. on a local bank to the order of the Canadian government in payment of \$75,000,000 par value five per cent. bonds recently purchased by a syndicate of bankers.

These bonds, which mature in three equal parts at the expiration of five, ten and fifteen years, were recently sold by the banking syndicate by public offerings at prices slightly under par.

Suez in Wartime

The Banks of the Canal Present a Scene of the Greatest Activity

The Suez Canal is a long way from Constantinople, says the London Times, and a still longer way from Berlin, but recent events in the Balkans have brought them closer together by opening almost through railway communication to the frontier of Egypt, south of Beersheba, the present railway. The greater part of this line, which is known as the Bagdad Railway, would render great services to the enemy. Fortunately, it has never been completed, and various gaps and changes of gauge exist between its European terminus at Constantinople and the line-head at southern Syria.

There is a spot where the banks of the canal present a scene of the greatest activity. They literally swarm with human beings, climbing and descending, passing and repassing, like black ants upon the yellow sand. A giant ferry, grimy and groaning, is laden with camels and men, for the most part friendly Bedouins, dusky in color and dress, and rendered more dusky still by the background of yellow sand and blue water. A floating bridge, the pontoons ablaze with red paint, gives passage to a motley crowd, and blocks the canal until it will swing open again—to half a dozen picturesque lateen-rigged sailing boats, their decks almost level with the water. Like everything else in this scene of movement, they are doing their share of the work, and are heavily laden. The west bank is pouring in one continual stream of men and laden animals over to the east, and in one continual stream they return for fresh loads.

There are bronzed Australians, seen to more advantage than in the streets of Cairo—the fittest of the fit and the bravest of the brave. There are dark Punjabis, who harmonize so well with their khaki uniforms—pictures in browns and yellows—and Bedouins, Semitic in feature and dignified in gesture; and the Londoner, with his Cockney accent and his quick wit ever to the fore—a good worker, too. There are officers difficult to distinguish from their men, for the great task is every man's job; and fellahs, in long blue shirts tucked up to their hips, digging out the mud and sand that have accumulated at the ferry pier; and strange nondescripts who seem to rise out of the soil wherever war is. New Zealanders, too, bronzed by their six days' tramp from Cairo, with a sprinkling of Maoris, one and all ready to put their hands to the plow. And here are men from every part of the British Isles, whose praises need no singing. The empire has met on the banks of the canal.

Among this human ant-heap pass and repass the ungainly camels—the transport of the country—and mules laden with stores, and little Arab ponies and Waders from Australia; and near by an undersized engine puffs and whistles and makes a terrible fuss. Over all is heard the beat of the hammer upon iron, and the crash of rails being piled upon the bank, and the babel of a dozen languages, and the continual purring thud of the footfalls in the soft sand.

Vision of Real Farming

The Real Farmer is One Who Sees Beyond Mere Planting and Harvesting

"No, I don't want to be a farmer," a boy said once. "Farmers just do the same old thing—over and over, and don't have anything to show for it when they are done."

As this boy looked at it, the man who built a house or designed a bridge or wrote a book had something to show for his labor. The farmer just raised crops—went over the same old ground year after year and got nowhere. The boy's passion for constructive work—for accomplishing something—made such a life extremely distasteful to him.

The boy's view was, of course, the result of misapprehension. If he had known more about farming he would have realized that the true farmer is at once dreamer, designer and builder; that no one more truly creates things or leaves a more substantial proof of his work. Indeed, in later years this particular boy came to see this and became a farmer. He is one of the real farmers, too—one of the men who see beyond mere planting and harvesting and feeding, to the truly constructive labor of the man who enriches the soil or makes possible by selection and breeding better crops and better stock. He now finds in farming not a lack of opportunity to do things worth while, but instead such wonderful range of constructive work to be done that it seems to him the most fascinating of all employment.

Such vision the best farmers everywhere have. They realize that they do not go round in a circle, like a horse at the end of a sweep, to perform a needless but tiresome task; but that they are builders, achievers, members of the goodly company of real men whose privilege it is ever to be making the world a little better place in which to live.

Yet there are men farming to whom this vision, this realization, has never come—men who do not see beyond the year's end or the gathering of the crop they are tending. To such men farming is drudgery and the mere doing of age-old tasks that many other men have done time after time with no enduring results. To quicken the thoughts and to clear the eyes of these great men are the great tasks of the agencies that strive for agricultural progress.—The Country Gentleman.

The Admiralty of the World

A Mounted Police expedition has travelled from Regina to beyond the Arctic Circle to investigate a story of double murder. Its first report had to be sent five hundred miles by dog sled to the nearest post office. With a system like that in existence and such a body of men to enforce it, it is no wonder that the admiration of Canadian justice in the great Northwest is the admiration of the world.—Montreal Star.

Farming-Special Will Tour Saskatchewan

Arrangements Made for Operation of Farming Train

Arrangements have been made for the summer schedule of the better farming special, conducted under the auspices of the Saskatchewan government, the C.N.R. and the Agricultural College at Saskatoon. The special visited many rural localities in Saskatchewan last season, and was greatly appreciated by the farmers.

The operations of the train will be largely confined to the northwestern section of the province of Saskatchewan, and it will operate for the five weeks commencing June 12. The better farming special will cover the main line of the C.N.R. from Humboldt to Lloydminster up to Jackfish branch, from Battleford to Turtleford; the Blaine Lake line from Battleford to Prince Albert; from Prince Albert east to Tisdale; and will also visit points south of Melfort and Camwood and Debden, on the Big River branch, north of Prince Albert. The last two weeks will be spent in the Goose Lake territory.

Last summer in the Goose Lake district the better farming special visited every other station. This year all alternate points will be included in the program. The train is being operated under the joint auspices of the department of agriculture, the agricultural college and the C.N.R. The college and the department provide the exhibits, lecturers and the college the livestock.

The equipment which the C.N.R. will provide free of charge will consist of four cars for livestock, one car for the boys' and girls' exhibits, one poultry car, one crop production car, one mechanical exhibits and building car; one domestic science car; one nursery car and a lantern lecture car, making eleven cars in all, in addition to a Pullman and dining car for the staff and a caboose for the crew.

Hon. Mr. Motherwell, minister of agriculture, expects to be with the special throughout, and Dean Rutherford of the College of Agriculture, will be with the train a part of the time. Professor Brecken will have charge of the crop production exhibits. Professor Shaw will be in charge of the animal husbandry department; Professor Greig, the mechanical exhibits; Professor Bates, the boys' and girls' department; Mrs. Jean Archibald, the domestic science department.

The livestock exhibits will be of particular interest, as the district through which the special operates is essentially a stock-raising country. The district also contains a considerable number of creameries, and one of the questions to be considered will be the improvement of dairy herds and the production of forage crops which will prove of great interest. Hon. Mr. Motherwell will deal with this question.

Sufferings of Explorers

Lacked Food, Water and Fuel While Pressure on Vessel Was Terrific

The account of the voyage of the Shackleton Antarctic auxiliary steamer Aurora, reveals in a more graphic way than the earlier accounts the sufferings of the party on board from cold, hunger and lack of water and coal.

The pressure of the ice pack on the vessel during the period of months was so severe that many times the party was on the point of taking to their sledges. As to the loss of the rudder the account says: "Heavy fogs, ten feet thick, closed in on us, nipping the vessel fore and aft. The force must have been tremendous for the steel-bound rudder, weighing six tons, was bent over to starboard and twisted like a corkscrew. We thought the end had come."

The problem of getting fresh water was solved in various ways. While the vessel was frozen in the ice and drifting northward at the rate of two miles a day, the steward used to go out on the ice and scrape a thin layer of snow for cooking purposes. A condenser was also used, but the shortage in fuel prevented its general employment.

Why He Smiled Not

At a dance, not so many days ago, there was a man who met with a mishap on the floor, due to his lack of skill in dancing.

A little later the man sought out one of the guests and said: "Sir, you are the only gentleman in the room."

"Thanks!" replied the other, dryly. "May I inquire what motive has led you to seek me out for this complimentary outburst?"

"Why," exclaimed the man, "when I tripped in the tango just now and fell sprawling to the floor, incidentally ripping off a large section of my charming partner's gown, you were the only one in the place who had the decency not to laugh."

The other smiled grimly.

"The explanation lies in the fact that the lady is my wife and that I have paid for the gown."

Submarine Chaser

It is reported that a combination submarine chaser and scout boat with a speed of forty-one miles an hour has been contracted for by the United States government. It is said that the boat's length of 60 feet will permit it to be taken on board battleships.

The vessel will carry a number of one-pounder quick-firers, and will have one 16-in. torpedo tube. Double rudders will enable it to make quick turns and take zigzag courses that will make it a difficult target. Its draught will be about two feet and a half. The pilot house will be armoured.

Evidently Difficult

"I dress expensively. Do you think you could do as well for me in that respect as father does?"

"Perhaps so," said the young man. "Still, I shouldn't like to go around looking as shabby as he does."

THE WORLD'S FIERCEST BATTLES EXPECTED WITH SUMMER DRIVES

VERDUN FIGHT BELIEVED END OF STALEMATE

German Attack on Verdun is Regarded Among War Students As the Final Chapter of Bloodshed Which Will be Unparalleled in The History of The World

"Our quick-firing guns, posted only five yards apart, belched forth and we were confronted with corpses standing upright in bunches."

This extract from the narrative of a soldier who witnessed a portion of the German attempt to take the French positions before Verdun is regarded as mild in comparison to the narratives that will be told to the world before the end of the present summer. The German attempt on Verdun is regarded among war students as the final chapter of bloodshed unparalleled in history. Every indication suggests that the stalemate of the trenches is coming to an end.

Generals in war councils have pondered over plans to break the endless inactivity and launch a smash to draw the war nearer its close. The Germans took the initiative at Verdun.

What military experts predicted would happen, happened. The French lines fell back, but not before the ground in front resembled a solid carpet of corpses. The second line of Teutons came fearlessly on, mounting over fallen comrades, to fall in hundreds.

The third line of Germans followed the second. Those who withstood the fire spilled over into the French lines. Desperate hand-to-hand battling ensued. In some places the Germans remained; in others they were driven out.

At some points the fighting bordered on the banks of the River Meuse, whose current carried bodies, French and German alike, downstream by hundreds. At Dinant, Belgium, German troops fished the bodies out and gave them burial.

The only battle in modern European history that compares with Verdun was the equally indecisive battle at Malapenk, where Marshal Villars, at the cost of 12,000 casualties, put 20,000 of Marlborough's British horse to combat when the Marlborough army assaulted French trenches. The glory of victory went to Marlborough, but Villars sent the following message to Louis XIV. at Paris:

"If God in his goodness should vouchsafe us to lose another such battle, your majesty may consider your enemies annihilated."

Military experts are beginning to agree, after Verdun, that the present war has developed into a man-killing orgy and can only be terminated by great battles.

A French private who saw the French retreat from Ornes, a village captured by the Germans, said: "I shudder when I look back at it. Battalions advanced in close ranks 20 abreast. Shrapnel rained on them. It was as if a man had been passing through the German ranks with a scythe, mowing them down. Each time the shells exploded arms and legs flew into the air. Odds and ends of amputated limbs fell on top of us. In one small sector or two sections, a mere nothing, they fell by hundreds."

An officer describing the charge of the German Brandenburg troops in their brave assault on Fort Douaumont, said: "About 5 o'clock the Germans began to advance. Their thickly massed columns completely hid the snow on the ground as they came on 'double quick.' Suddenly from the heights behind us and from the slopes of either side our batteries, dozens of them, crashed into action. The German lines simply melted away. Every time a shell fell I saw a momentary glimpse of snow on the ground."

Another related: "Suddenly the curtains of cloud seemed to rise as on the stage and I saw teeming masses of advancing Germans. Night was falling. They were like immense herds of cattle. Douaumont rocked with the thunder of the guns. We lost all sense of fear. Our searchlights, thrown on the dense masses of the enemy, made them look quite close. Our guns opened up. We could plainly see the havoc wrought in the enemy ranks, but still they came on, struggling over the corpses of comrades."

Another witness says at least seven waves of Germans advanced unflinchingly against the position. The French guns continued to plough their bloody furrows. The French, confronted by overwhelming numbers, fell back a mile. The Germans, encouraged by their success, swept by the fort.

Immediately the French commanders realized that the rush must be stopped because of the danger of its momentum. French troops were at hand. A French counter blow was launched. The French dashed back. The oncoming Germans were taken unawares. A desperate hand-to-hand fight ensued. The Germans broke and fled.

"It was this counter-offensive which prevented a disastrous break in the main French line of defense at Verdun and perhaps Paris."

An artilleryman had a gruesome tale. His battery remained intact after a stupendous slaughter. Night fell and in the early dawn that followed the alarm was given.

The battery opened up again. In the dim light, what appeared to be advancing troops were furrowed by fire. Fragments of bodies could be seen to leap into the air and fall.

Still the enemy failed to advance or retreat. Daylight explained the mystery. The "enemy" were stacks of dead from the slaughter of the night before, packed so closely together that their bodies stood upright. The overwrought nerves of the sentry made them appear to be on the advance.

"Is this land rich?" asked the prospective purchaser, cautiously.

"It certainly ought to be," replied the gentleman farmer. "I have put all the money I had into it."

Daring French Aviator

Captured Foo Plane With a Grappling Hook

Lieut. Le Bourhis, the first French military aviator to use a parachute, is dead of wounds received in an aerial encounter in the vicinity of Verdun. The lieutenant, who was a private at the outbreak of the war, won a commission and the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

His best known exploit was the capture of a large German aeroplane with a grappling hook, in August of last year. He thus described this incident in a letter to a friend:

"I had been flying for hours dragging a grappling hook at the end of a long cable behind my machine. Suddenly a very large black aeroplane with white crosses appeared. I sent my machine whirling over him. A hook got him, and he swung at the end of my line like a toy."

"All went well for a few minutes. Then my motor began to fail. My machine rolled from one wing to the other, and then, at 14,000 feet, the engine stopped altogether."

"I caught glimpses of deep trenches and a wide river beneath me. I struggled furiously, with the German machine still balanced at the end of the rope. I began to fall more rapidly. A wing broke. Everything turned black. I was falling like a stone."

When the lieutenant regained consciousness he was safely on land, not badly injured. He was unable to explain the manner of his escape from death, although he attributed it to the probability that the cable attached to the German aeroplane tightened as he was falling and eased the force of the descent.

"The Riff-Raff of Humanity"

German Paper Refers to Canadians and Australians as Human Refuse

The indescribably joy which the fall of the fortress of Erzerum was welcomed in the English press has no doubt evaporated sufficiently for the Britons to see clearly that their cause in the Near East is in a very shaky condition. Because, of what elements do the forces they have available in Mesopotamia and in the adjacent regions consist? Of Australians and Canadians mainly, the very riff-raff of humanity, descendants of murderers and thieves, drunken hordes who despise the very thought of discipline and decency. This applies particularly to the Australians, the worthy posterity of men who for their crimes were once deported from their own country to found a colony at the extreme ends of the earth. These are the white allies of the black culture bearers who have set notoriously civilized England against us; these constitute the unspeakable human refuse against whom our heroic sons and brothers are doomed to fight. And yet there are sentimentalists who would urge us to be dainty in the choice of our weapons when facing such bestial creatures as these!—Berlin Vossische Zeitung.

Can It Be Done?

A very earnest and good and generally optimistic man expressed his opinion the other day that it could not. He said that the instinct to fight was in the blood of the race, and that he never hoped to see the time when any restraint of a social, economic or international kind would be able to secure anything like assured and permanent world peace. Well, if we are to think merely of restraint as applied from the outside, perhaps he is right. But what reader of the history of humanity has not seen many illustrations of the power of ideas to modify and radically change even such a seemingly enduring thing as human instinct? The idea has somehow got itself fixed in the minds of many that men ought to be able to live together in peace and harmony in this world, each man a brother of every other, and all the sons of one great Father. And we believe there is strength enough and divinity enough in that idea to absolutely assure us that it is going to win out in human history yet. It can be and will be done.—The Christian Guardian.

Erzerum is one of the most undesirable places of residence upon earth. It stands more than 6,000 feet above the sea, and in winter the temperature falls to 20 degrees below zero, while in the passes by which it is approached rages the Tipli a terrible blizzard. But Erzerum is at its worst in summer, owing to the appalling lack of sanitation. The people simply pile their refuse of all kinds on the pavement before their houses, and mortality is so heavy that of 12 children, a common family, it is lucky if six survive. The normal population of Erzerum amounts to about 43,000.

"How is your boy Josh getting along with his employer?"

"Well," replied Farmer Cornstossel, "they have come to an agreement at last. Josh said he was going to quit, and the boss, he said so, too."

"Was your garden a success last year?"

"Very much so. My neighbor's chickens took first prize at the poultry show."

Mutt—Ain't Nature wonderful? Jeff—Why?

Mutt—She gives us all faces, but we can pick our own teeth.—Harvard Lampoon.

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Gas and Steam Fitting
Reid Hill, - - Alberta

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THE VULCAN ADVOCATE

One Year for \$1.50

The Vulcan Advocate

CHARLES CLARK Proprietor
R. W. GLOVER Managing Editor

Published every Wednesday in the
Heart of a Wonderfully Rich
Farming and Ranching
District

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 per year; For-
eign Countries \$2.00. Exchange must
be added to cheques.

The Needs Of The Patriotic Fund.

The work of the Patriotic Fund is continually growing and it will hardly come as a surprise to anyone to learn that the needs in this direction for Canada in 1917 will amount to \$10,000,000. Of this amount the sum of \$600,000 is allotted for collection in Alberta, a rate of \$1.20 per capita. This is not all that will be required for the needs of this province, and a proportion of money from the east will be distributed in Alberta, thus taking from the area where recruiting has been lighter to help out the areas where it has been heavier.

The figure of \$1.20 per head does not sound very much, and as a matter of fact it would not be much provided that the whole amount was evenly distributed, but it is not. Many men are paying very much more than their share, for on the subscription list for this district we find men giving \$30 and \$60 for the year. These men are paying the share of those who have so far evaded making any contribution at all, a state of affairs, which although unjust, is as near as can be got at under the present system of voluntary contribution. And this state of affairs exists in many parts of the province.

A fairer system would be to place the patriotic fund on a flat basis of taxation. It is all very well to say, as was said at the outset, that the fund was to rely on the sacrifice of the individual, but there are only a small percentage of individuals making that sacrifice, the remainder are getting off without contributing at all, which means that the few are doing the paying for the many.

The Five Per Cent Tax on Rented Premises.

The five per cent tax recently imposed by the council on all rented business premises hardly strikes the imagination of the renter as being a fair and equal arrangement. The argument for the tax is that the property owner is contributing to the Village whereas the man who rents his business place is not.

Such is hardly the case. The man who rents pays the village taxes indirectly by having them included in his rent, and they are paid to the village by the landlord. If for instance, the council were to double the taxes, the rents of all places would advance, thereby showing that the man who rents pays the taxes. With the new arrangement the renter is being asked to pay twice, which seems hardly a fair deal.

Would it not have been a better and fairer method to tax a merchants stock at a lower figure? Then everybody would pay equally as they do on the assessment for the school. Some arrangement along lines such as those would have a far more popular appeal.

About Municipl Hospitals.

The various articles which have been appearing in the Calgary 'Albertan' anent municipal hospitals, are something which ought to give us all food for thought, for anything which can be done to improve the hospital facilities of our province ought to be given every consideration. The position of the community in our own district is but the condition of a very

large proportion on the population of Alberta, and from that we can form an estimate as to how much a better hospital service is required. The nearest hospitals we have are at High River or Calgary, and those of the latter are used most on account of the railway facilities. The expense of hospital service often leads persons to put off their visit until the last minute, and in some cases, probably until it is too late because the trouble and expense of using the services of the hospital are great.

Contrast this condition of affairs with what would be the case if municipal hospitals were brought about, hospitals that were supported by direct taxation, where the sick could get the best of service for their ailments.

It is none too soon for us all to give the matter serious consideration, for hospitals can be had with the expenditure of a little trouble.

The Turn of The Tide

Gradually the inevitable for Germany is becoming apparent, and even the Germans themselves but a short while ago so sure of a splendid victory for the arms of the Fatherland, are beginning to doubt their own superiority, and in cases to admit that the war will terminate to the advantage of the Entente Allies. The failure at Verdun, the food riots and social restlessness in Germany, and the various whisperings of a desire for peace are evidence of the all weakening of the Germanic power.

These signs are indeed hopeful although they do not portend an early termination of the war, for before that can happen it must be the Allies, and not Germany, who shall say along what lines peace is to be decided.

It is interesting to note that during the time this great change of mind has been working in Germany the war has been devoid of any great military success for the Allies, if we except Erzerum. On the western front there has been very little change. The line of battle has ebbed and flowed at the instance of Germany but to the advantage of the French. No event of military significance initiated by the Entente has taken place.

What has brought the change about is the conviction that while Germany has been weakening herself the Allies have been gaining in strength, and the supreme position of man power and artillery, at one time held by Germany, has passed to the Allies. This, together with the blockade, so sneeringly alluded to by Germany, has gradually reduced the latter to a stocktaking, and she finds herself daily taking a position of greater inferiority.

Notes

There are still a few backyards and alleys to be cleaned up, a matter to which the occupants ought to give some attention.

Now that the electric supply for the village is on a larger and better system, and meters are installed, an arrangement might be made whereby householders could use it during the day. Many ladies, for instance, would rather do their ironing by electricity. And there are other uses.

Sunday May 21st was Farmers' Sunday in more ways than one as the heavy fall of moisture shows.

A Toronto newspaper says that Mr. Henry Ford's mission to Europe may be interpreted as not so much a peace mission as a catch-vote enterprise. Well well, sweet are the uses of advertisement.

The Greatest Sale of

Wash Dresses

EVER OFFERED IN SOUTHERN
ALBERTA

To arrive for a Special Sale commencing

SAT., MAY 27th

Misses and Ladies Wash Dresses

100 Only

95c Each,

2 for \$1.85

These dresses are to arrive in time for this sale and are all new styles made of fine Zephyrs and Prints, nicely trimmed and good full skirts. These dresses are worth from 1.50 to 2.00. All sizes from 34 to 44.

H. W. REEVES

VULCAN,

-:-

ALBERTA

MUSIC

FOR
ENTERTAINMENTS
SOCIALS AND
DANCES

UP-TO-DATE AND
LATEST MUSIC

Prices Moderate

KLEBE'S Orchestra

VULCAN, ALBERTA

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 16th day of June, 1916 for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twice per week on the route Champion Rural Route No. 1, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Champion, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's office, Calgary, 5th of May, 1916, D.A. Bruce, Post Office Inspector. m17-13.

The Churches

Rev. D. K. Allan, Pastor; Mr. H. F. Richardson, Supt. Sunday School; F. A. Elves, Clerk of Session; R. L. Elves, Clerk of Managers.

Morning Service 11 a.m., Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Evening Service 7:30 p.m. Services held in the Masonic Hall.

Ladies Aid meets last Thursday of each month. Mrs. F. A. Elves, President; Mrs. W. F. Jennejohn, Vice-President; Mrs. D. K. Allan, Secretary; Mrs. A. M. Trail, Treasurer.

Lodge : Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A. F. & A. M. G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday on or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.

D. K. Allen, W. M.
D. C. Jones, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. SAMARITAN LODGE

No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA. Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8:00 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome. Wm. Ritchie, N. G. G. M. Whiche, Sec'y

Clarence Davis Auctioneer

Live Stock and Farm
Sales a Specialty
Champion, Alberta
See Arthur Mitchell & Co., Vulcan, or Phone 204, Champion, for dates.

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BRAND READER
Eastway.
Owner of horses branded on Left
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Lumber

Slabs, Firewood, Windows, Doors
and Finish
Get our Prices.

JOHN DEWIE, REPRESENTATIVE

Homestead Regulations

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$1.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$1.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years; cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.
64-88

B. C. RESTAURANT

Ice Cream
Meals served at all Hours
Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft
Drinks, Candies, Fruit.
VULCAN - - ALBERTA




DON'T BUY YOUR HOUSE A CHEAP SUIT

YOU don't believe in buying shoddy clothes—which will not wear well, or look well. Then why paint your home with cheap paint—why give IT a cheap shoddy suit?

The only paint economy is in buying the best paint. You paint your buildings to protect them from the wear and tear of the weather, and to improve their appearance. Cheap paint will accomplish neither of these objects. As soon as the durability is gone, the pleasing painted finish is gone too, and your buildings look old and shabby.

We sell and recommend Canada Paint because we know it is made in the right way, of pure materials. Ask us for color cards.

Irving's, Limited

CANADA PAINT

HORSE BREEDERS

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PAD LOCKS	HASPS KEYS ETC	HINGES
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FILES	TACKS	AWLS BITS
NAILS	NAILS	NAILS

*We keep it
Paints too.*

Having what our customers want, waiting on them promptly and charging fair prices for our good hardware has built our business.

We want your trade. If you will buy from us just once, our high-quality goods and our low prices, fair, square methods will make you a customer for life. Paint with our paints. They will brighten and "Save" your house.

George Pettman

Vulcan,Alberta

MEETING OF MARQUIS MUNICIPALITY NO. 157

Court of Revision Comes Before Meeting—Next Meeting July 1

The fourth regular meeting of the council of the Rural Municipality of Marquis No. 157, met at the Lake McGregor School House on the 18th, day of May 1916.

The following councillors being present; Reeve Macomber, James Shouldice, Myers, Deitz and Robertson.

Moved by Mr. Deitz that Margaret V. V. Smith's appeal against the N.W. 1/4 11-17-23-4, be dismissed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shouldice that James E. Brucher's appeal against the S.E. 1/4 9-21-23-4 and N.E. 1/4 4-21-23-4 be dismissed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Macomber that Hellen Holland's appeal against the W 1/2 22-17-23-4, be dismissed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Deitz that F. H. Thompson's appeal against the N 1/2 6-19-21-4, be allowed and reduced from \$10.00 per acre to \$8.00, per acre.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robertson the A. F. McHugh's appeal against all 21-23 S.W. 1/4 34-19-22-4, be dismissed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robertson that R. Coppocks appeal against all 27—33-18-22-4; be dismissed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Macomber that J. McKenzie's appeal against the S.W. 1/4 10-18-23-4, be allowed and reduced from \$10 per acre to \$8 per acre.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Macomber that D. H. Tuinble's appeal against all 8-17-23-4, be distributed as follows; S 1/2 8-17-23-4, dismissed, N 1/2 8-17-23-4, reduced from \$13 to \$12.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shouldice that Auditor A. H. Allen's Financial Statement of this Municipality for the year 1915 be accepted as read, and that the same be published in one issue of the Vulcan Advocate.

Moved by Mr. Shouldice that an application be made to the Department of Public works for a survey of the new road diversion leading under the flume of the Southern Alberta Land Co., to the Big Bow River Bridge. Also that this Department be requested to furnish one-half of the grading necessary to place this diversion in good condition for traffic.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robertson that the Secretary forward to the Patriotic Fund \$145.10, being one-half mill, on the assessed valuation, of the Municipality taxes collected during the months of January, February, March and April of the current year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Deitz that the Municipality order 4 dozen slip handles.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Deitz that the Municipality order the following iron culverts: 1-12x36, Deitz, cluny 1-8x24 Shouldice, cluny—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shouldice that the following bills be paid:

Unip Jack S.D. Requisition	\$70.00
Lake McGregor "	181.00
Willard "	200.00
Pioneer "	200.00
Sunny Glen "	250.00
Berrywater "	250.00
Prospect Slope "	38.40
Reid Hill "	40.00
E. Arrowwood "	250.00
Thigh Hill "	45.00
Sunny Plains "	118.00
Queenstown "	241.00
Liberty "	36.00
Corbie Hill "	200.00
Mayview "	1000.00
Patriotic Fund contribution	145.00
R. E. House expense A.C.	14.30
Vulcan Advocate printing	50.70
P. W. L. Clark legal fees	61.58
The Registrar information	1.45
A. H. Allen, audit	50.00
F.W. Crandell H.T. Refund	9.52
Gus Johnk Road Diversion	45.15
B. Doncaster, do. do.	12.13
Hall Ins Board, 5 p.c. 1916 levy,	616.80

—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shouldice that this meeting adjourn to meet at the Lake McGregor School House on the first Saturday in July at 10 o'clock A. M.—Carried

Dance on May 24th at Shimp Hall given by the R. N. A. Tickets \$1.50, 50 per cent for Red Cross purposes—Klebe's orchestra.

WANTED

WANTED—A car in running order. Will trade for 4-year and 2-year old mares. F. G. Mathews, Reid Hill.

FOUND—Behind E. E. Dodd's Livery Barn, on the prairie, a bone handled pocket knife. Owner can have same by applying to Corporal Harper, R.N. W.M.P., Barracks, Vulcan.

10.00 REWARD—Estray from N. W. 34 15-25, 1 grey and bay yearling colt and 1 2-year old colt. Grey colt has wire cut on leg. No brands. 1 red heifer 2 years old—no brand. 10.00 reward for recovery or information leading to same.—W. M. Bowie, Vulcan.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, CHEAP—One section raw land, about 9 miles from Vulcan, excellent mixed farming, all fenced, easy terms. Flood & Whicher, Vulcan, Alberta.

FOR SALE—Good Seed Oats, early variety 90 days. Can be sown late. 40 cents per bushel. Jacobson Bros.

FOR SALE—Some good Strawberry Plants, raised in Vulcan district. \$2.00 per 100. John A. Gardner.

FOR SALE—A few good work horses for sale. Some broken. Terms arranged. E. M. HOLLISTER, Vulcan.

FOR SALE—Good pure Cream for Sale. Can be delivered every day except Sunday. Any quantity. Leave orders at Advocate office.

EYE SIGHT

COMING—Dr. S. L. Taube the well known Eye Sight Specialist of the Taube Optical Co., Calgary will be at the D. C. Jones drug store on Tuesday May 23rd, and if there is anything wrong with your eyesight it would be to your interest to consult him and get the benefit of his 45 years practical experience. All work absolutely guaranteed to suit the eye the same as the test.

LAND FOR SALE

The south half, section 32-15-23, West of the 4th Meridian can be bought very reasonably.

Anyone interested in a cheap "Half Section" or a "Quarter Section" of fair farm land should write to

C. Kemprud

Box 1
Atholmer, B. C.

Have you anything you want doing in the

PAINTING LINE

or CARPENTERING or CHIMNEY BUILDING

If so, get

GEO. STAPLES
to do the work

Judicial Sale of Farm Property

Under and by virtue of a Judgment and final Order for Sale in the action of The Manufacturers Life Insurance Co. against Rose E. Hannegan there will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Saturday the 3rd day of June A. D. 1916 at the hour of twelve o'clock noon at Imperial Hotel, in the Town of Vulcan, in the Province of Alberta, by John Thompson, Auctioneer, the following property, namely:—

The North West quarter of Section 6, Township 19, Range 23, West of the 4th Meridian, in the Province of Alberta, subject to the exceptions, reservations and conditions contained in the existing Certificate of Title therefor.

The Vendor is informed that the soil is a chocolate loam on clay subsoil and well adapted for agriculture. The land is all fenced with a barbed wire fence of 2 and 3 strands.

The said premises contain 160 acres more or less of which 152 acres are good arable lands and 8 acres hay lands and that 70 acres have been broken and cultivated.

There are situated thereon the following buildings:

House 26 x 28 feet.
Barn 16 x 32 feet.
Granary 8 x 16 feet.

The said premises are 21 miles distant from Vulcan and 20 miles distant from Gleichen. There is a Post Office at Eastway 4 miles distant from the said premises; and a school 2 1/2 miles distant from the said premises; and a church at Eastway 4 miles distant from the said premises. The said premises are easily accessible by good roads from Vulcan and Gleichen.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to the Conditions of Sale which will be read at the time of the said sale and also subject to the Reserve Bid. 10 per cent. of the amount of the purchase price will be paid at the time of sale and the balance as follows:

15 per cent. without interest into Court within 90 days from the date of sale and the balance with interest at 8 per cent. into the Court as follows:—25 per cent. in one year, 25 per cent. in two years and the balance in three years from the date of sale.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to John Thompson, Auctioneer High River, or to Alec A. Ballachey of High River, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Dated at Calgary this 12th day of April, A. D. 1916.

Alec A. Ballachey, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

Approved: L. F. Clarry, Master in Chambers.

Before You Buy Your

Machinery

Call around and inspect our stock.

"Foston" and "Winner" fanning mills and John Deere and Tudhope - Anderson

These bear Inspection

Vulcan Co-operative Ltd.

VULCAN ALBERTA

We are Shipping HOGS on Wednesday, June 7

PETER GILLISPIE

Suits Made to Measure
French Dry Cleaning

VULCAN, ALBERTA

ROYAL CAFE

Meals at all Hours

Ice Cream
Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies,
Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes

Jang Lin, Proprietor

No. 1

Timothy Hay

Always on hand

For Sale

Vulcan Livery

R. E. DODDS, Prop.

CASE

10-20 TRACTORS

Before placing your order for a small tractor see the above. Gives the best satisfaction of any tractor on the market.

GUY WALKER

Agent

Vulcan, Alberta

Binder Twine

Binder Twine is going to be scarce and high priced this year. Place your order now and protect yourself.

BINDERS

McCormick and Deering binders have all the latest improvements and are the best binders on the market. Ask the man who uses one.

C. E. HENRY

Office Phone 23. Residence 54
Vulcan, Alberta

Take Your Shares to MAC

His long experience on all kinds of plow work enables him to turn out only first-class work. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Horse Shoeing and General
Blacksmithing done in
Quick Order

Mac's Blacksmith Shop

G. McQUEEN, Prop.

Opposite Conlin's Livery Barn, Vulcan

LADY URSULA'S HUSBAND

—BY—
FLORENCE WARDEN

Word, Luck & Co., Limited
TORONTO

(Continued)
CHAPTER V.

There was dead silence in the room for some moments when Lady Ursula had made her decision known to her husband and brother.

Then Paul, who, to do him justice, seemed to be deeply touched by her simple devotion, put up his two hands and held hers in them.

Then he turned his face to Lord Eastling. At him he did not look with the same good humor. It was with a return to a frown that he said coldly: "You hear, Lord Eastling? You hear what my wife says. What have you to reply to that?"

In truth, the young man appeared to scarcely know what to say. He had expected difficulty, but not exactly in this shape. His sister was so serene, so confident, so quiet; she spoke with such an utter absence of feminine hysteria that she baffled him. After a moment's hesitation, he said:

"I should like to speak to her alone, just her and me."

It was not grammatical, it was not eloquent, but the speech was good of its kind. It left Paul without any excuse. He shrugged his shoulders.

"Lady Ursula," said he, "will, of course, do as she pleases."

She had withdrawn her hands from his shoulders, and she now looked round at her brother. For the first time, it seemed that a slight shadow of doubt fell over her. Why should Paul mind, considering her own staunchness, her having a short interview with her brother. Yet it was plain that he did mind very much.

There was a very short silence, and then she said:

"If you don't mind, Paul, I think I'd better let him tell me what he has to say. And if he wants to speak without you, it doesn't make any difference, does it? You can trust me to be fair, can't you?"

"Why is it necessary, unless he has some lies to tell about me behind my back, which he doesn't dare repeat to my face, that he should speak to you alone?" demanded Paul, quietly, indeed, but with conviction.

She turned to her brother.

"Tell me, Tom, have you anything worse to say than what you have already said?" she asked.

He took up the challenge energetically.

"Yes," he said. "I have a great deal more to say, more than I can possibly tell you unless we are quite by ourselves."

Lady Ursula was growing nervous, was being shaken out of her calmness, if not of her confidence. Paul Payne suddenly changed from gentle to angry.

"Surely," he said, "this isn't fair. I am a member of your family now, Lord Eastling—"

"Perhaps," interrupted the viscount shortly.

"What do you mean by that?"

Paul left Lady Ursula, and with clenched fists held down firmly at his sides, came across the room to the young man.

Lord Eastling, though feeling that he was doing the most dreadful thing he had ever been called upon to do in his life, stood firm.

"From what I have heard of you today," he said, in a voice which he had hard work to keep steady, "I can't feel sure even that you were a bachelor when you went through the ceremony of marriage with my sister this morning."

A cry broke from his sister's lips, but Paul responded so promptly and so effectively to this insinuation that her piteous protest was drowned in the

WOMAN HAD NERVOUS TROUBLE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her.

West Danby, N. Y.—"I have had nervous trouble all my life until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for nerves and for female troubles and it straightened me out in good shape. I work nearly all the time, as we live on a farm and I have four girls. I do all my sewing and other work with their help, so it shows that I stand it real well. I took the Compound when my ten year old daughter came and it helped me a lot. I have also had my oldest girl take it and it did her lots of good. I keep it in the house all the time and recommend it."

—Mrs. DEWITT SINGBAUGH, West Danby, N. Y.

Sleeplessness, nervousness, irritability, headache, dragging sensations, all point to female derangements which may be overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

W. N. U. 1102

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

explosion of his resentment. He made an attempt to lay violent hands upon Lord Eastling, but the young man got behind the table and said briefly:

"Bullying is no answer. Let us hear what you have to say before we appeal to our fists—and before a lady!"

Paul, whose pale face was drawn and tremulous, recovered his composure with a strong effort, and laying his right hand firmly on the table, said:

"You have no right to impute such an awful thing to me. Supposing you have heard rumors against me, you have never heard that."

Lord Eastling hung his head. There was the accent of truth, he felt, in the voice of the other as he made this protest.

"Come now," repeated Paul, leaning forward, and glaring into the young man's face, "confess now, openly, honestly, that whatever you may have heard, and whoever you may have heard the calumnies from, you have never been told that I was a married man."

Lord Eastling raised his head. "That's true," he said.

A little cry, feeble, plaintive, made him turn and look round, in time to see his sister sink upon the sofa, with an ashy-white face, and a look of joy and relief shining in her blue eyes.

Paul stood up.

"I'm satisfied," he said briefly. "Tell your sister what you like, since you acknowledge that she is my wife."

He swung across the room and disappeared into the corridor, leaving Lord Eastling with no pretext for supposing that he wanted to overhear what was said about him.

Disconcerted and afraid, the viscount turned to Lady Ursula. Coming close to her, he bent down, and said gently:

"I'm awfully sorry for all this, dear. But I couldn't help myself. I've heard such things about the fellow today that I had to come."

She sat up, not angry or resentful, but calm and dignified.

"Who told you?" she said.

"The police."

She shuddered a little, and then recovered herself. There was a long pause.

"Shall I tell you what they said?" he asked in a low voice.

She shook her head.

"Why should you?" she said. "Since he says it isn't true, it is my husband I must believe."

"But if you have proof?"

She turned upon him quickly.

"Have you?"

He hesitated. It was true that he had none. He had only the word of a man whom he could trust. That, after all, was quite the same thing—in her eyes, at any rate.

"I know that I've told you the truth."

"Well, supposing what you told me is true? Supposing he did something once which might have brought upon him a heavy punishment? It is not for me to be his judge, is it?"

"He was not good enough for you."

"But that's what he told me himself," urged she with vivacity. Of course that was absurd, but I took it to mean that he had done things which I should not have looked upon as right. And since he was so outspoken, so truthful with me, I can't well reproach him after marriage, with what he accused himself of before, can I?"

Lord Eastling was silent. The position was a difficult one. Paul had, whether aware of it or not, prepared for this present eventuality. Of course, he had not been precise as to his wrong-doing, of course he had spoken of his ill-deeds vaguely, leaving an impression upon the simple woman that they were of the usual masculine sort, the result of youthful high spirits and carelessness rather than of criminal instincts.

"You are infatuated," was all he could say.

"Oh, no, don't say that," she said gently. "Don't, Tom. You wouldn't if you knew how humbly I have prayed for direction in connection with this love of mine, how I have begged for forgiveness if I have cared too much for a human being. Don't call it an infatuation. I hope it is not that. But indeed I have been so happy in finding myself cared for by a man so kind and so sweet-tempered, that I feel I deserve the pain for this interview to drive me back to the remembrance that my love is only human after all."

He threw himself on the sofa beside her, touched to the quick by the simplicity of her devotion. It was heart-rending to have had to try to open her eyes; it was almost a consolation to find that so far he had completely failed.

"Forgive me, Ursula, you will forgive me, won't you?"

But she was sensible enough to know that there was nothing to forgive. Smiling into her brother's face with that madonna-like serenity which so seldom lacked in her, she said tenderly:

"I know quite well you have only spoken because you felt you ought. You have been misled, that's all. I love you for taking so much trouble and all I wish is that you had been able to speak only to me, so as to keep such horrible things from Paul's ears."

What could he do in the face of such an infatuation as this? Lord Eastling felt that he was foiled on every side.

"Hang Paul!" he said irritably. She did not even mind this. She laughed.

"That's so like you, Tom, to get out of the difficulty you have put yourself in by wanting to hang somebody else!" she said brightly.

He tried to smile at her, but he was heavy-hearted, and the attempt was a failure.

"I wish, dear," he whispered, "that you would persuade him to come back to England with me and you at once. If he is the innocent man he says he is, why should he mind our making inquiries about him?"

"He would say, if we were to suggest it, what I say now," replied Lady

Ursula, "that those inquiries, if they were to be made at all, ought to have been made before I became his wife. Now, you see, whatever you might find out would make no difference. Don't you see that, Tom?"

He looked at her shyly.

"There are some things—" he began. She cut him short.

"There is nothing," she said solemnly, "which can separate me now from the man I have sworn to love, honor and obey."

(To be Continued)

Decrease in Live Stock in Canada

Dominion Official Says Hogs in Canada Have Decreased 50 Per Cent. in Two Years

That there has been a 50 per cent. decrease in the number of hogs in Canada during the past two years alone is the opinion expressed by R. E. Wilson, with headquarters at Ottawa. Mr. Wilson, interviewed in Calgary recently, said:

"Both hogs and cattle have greatly decreased in all Canada during the past two years. Hogs have dropped off much more than cattle, but there has been a great decrease in both. I venture to say that 50 per cent. is not too great a figure with reference to hogs."

"The reason? It was because of the poor crops in the western prairie provinces up till last year. But the bottom has been reached and passed, and at the present time hogs are increasing in number."

The high prices and the bad crop of 1915, together with an abundance of feed for hogs and cattle and horses, has caused the farmer to go back into the business on a larger scale.

The Dominion government is doing all in its power to add to the impetus and is accomplishing a great deal. Hogs, of course, are more easily replaced than cattle, and it is that industry which will first show the results of the propaganda now on.

"The aim of the government is to work strenuously at this time with a view to making the increase which is bound to come as a result of the present conditions come with the introduction of a better quality animal than Canada has ever had before."

The Making of Books

Book Publishing Trade in Great Britain is Seriously Affected

A reduction of one-third in the imports of paper and wood pulp into the United Kingdom is a harassing innovation to which the newspapers do not take too kindly. It is pointed out by the London Chronicle that while restrictions are placed upon the staple raw material of publishers, the raw material for brewers enters without question. The book publishing trade in Great Britain has been seriously affected by the restrictions on paper imports, and echoes of the discussion which the new regulations have provoked were heard at the annual meeting of the Royal Literary Fund. Authors who have already suffered by the war are badly hit by the reduction in paper imports. The annual report showed that out of fifteen thousand dollars voted in grants six thousand dollars went to authors compelled to make application owing to their distress. A paper commission has been appointed to regulate the supply of paper throughout the United Kingdom, and Sir Frederick Macmillan has been chosen to represent the peculiar demands of literature. Last year the number of books published had decreased by eight per cent. as compared with 1914, and by thirteen per cent. as compared with 1913.

The restricted supply of paper will not have been an unmitigated evil if it were publishers to be more exacting and discriminating in the selections of authors' manuscripts.—Toronto Globe.

The Limit of Invention

An old letter recently rescued from the files of the United States patent office shows that in 1833 the head of that department wished to resign because he felt that the limit of human invention had been reached, and there would be no further need of his services. Think of it, the limit of invention reached, and that was before the telegraph, telephone, electric light, the aeroplane, the motion picture, the X-rays, the linotype, the gramophone, the trolley car, the ocean liner, the automobile, the repeating rifle, the wireless and numberless other inventions that have so transformed our civilization that if the head of the patent department who wrote that letter could be placed in the streets of any great city today he would wonder to what unknown world he had been transplanted.

The truth is that when all the facts are investigated, native Canadians have responded to the call of Canada and the empire with signal readiness and wonderful self-sacrifice. Proportionately they have done as well as other classes, and they have made actual sacrifices out of proportion to any other element in Canada.

Mourning is absolutely prohibited in Germany; no wounded or crippled soldier is allowed to walk in the streets of the capital and of important towns. They can only show themselves when they are able to wear their uniforms in quite a military way and with all decency.

The Spirit of a French-Canadian

Extract From a Letter Written in the Trenches by a Soldier From Montreal

The following is an extract from a letter written in the trenches by A. Deslauriers, with the 22nd French-Canadian Battalion. Mr. Deslauriers was formerly in the employ of Green-shields, Limited, Montreal.

I thank you very much for all the news contained in your letter, and I surely am glad to hear that the boys in the warehouse are responding so nobly to the call of their country. While I am on the subject, I would like to add a few words which will serve as an answer for those who wish to know why I joined the ranks and laid the gun on my shoulder. Canada for two reasons should form part of this war—first, because she is under British colors, and especially for us French-Canadians, as descendants of the brave who fought in yonder days for the flag with the three fleurs-de-lis, which they so truly loved. At a time such as last year, when the whole world had to fight or die to prevent the universe from being plunged into slavery, it was quite plain to me that I should do my duty; and who in a nation should answer the call if not those, like myself, alone in the world, and can disappear without leaving a vacancy, without leaving widows and orphans, or fathers and mothers of whom they are the sole support? You see, then, that since the beginning of the war I felt my place was here, and here I am. Are you sorry for having come? In spite of the misery, the nights spent watching in the cold which freezes every member of your body, in spite of the long marches when we come back, our feet almost bleeding, in spite of the hunger and thirst (who are often our steady friends), and in spite of the vermin and the rats, in spite of the Germans with their gases, their shrapnel, in spite of all this, and, lastly, but not least, in spite of the exile, after three months of service at the front and nine months of training using up all our strength and energy, after all this, I say, I am happy to write that I am glad I answered the call to the colors, and that I find in the ample reward which compensates for all the misery, and I can raise my shoulders and hold them high.

This is what you can answer to those who enquire, and these lines you will keep for yourself. You have always understood me, Henri, and now more than ever—I know you understand, and you will see if I am right. Are not the Montreal papers proud of their 22nd Battalion? If all had remained nailed to their native soil with what would they have formed it? And it is not one, but ten regiments they should have organized—you may rest assured they are doing their duty at the front. Before long you will have an opportunity of seeing how the French-Canadians of 1915 can die rather than retreat. Our death will cover with honor our native soil, and if we have never known how to do the right thing in life, at least our death will be an action which will cover the entire race with glory and immortality. Without posing as a prophet, I may say that probably by the time this letter reaches you the 22nd will have answered the last call.

As near to the German army as I am, I could not help but learn some of the points about their famous "kultur," and allow me to say that there is nothing desirable in it for us. I believe I am just when I translate German culture to mean slavery; in fact, a similar administration, to whose law the whole universe would have to submit—if by some misfortune they should win out, would be for us all a base servitude, as well as a national degradation. For them (they have shown it) force rules right, and their strength being in the army, they have to agglomerate an immense mass of men for the formation and maintenance of same, and I can assure you that the day Canada falls under their rule you will know the joys of six years of military service. And what service to become the slave of a young degenerate of some twenty years, who has over you almost the right of life or death, since he has prefixed to his name "von," and, in addition to this, he is a lieutenant in the glorious army of the kaiser. The civilian has to step aside for him, and woe be to him who stares him in the face. On the street the private must stand aside for him, and if this dear officer should enter a restaurant for a feed of "frankfurters" covered in "sauerkraut," no one should raise their voice in his presence, and any private who might chance to be there must stand at attention.

If you think that under such a rule life is worth living, well then you are not disgusted.

Since the beginning of the war the National Land Council of England has been training and placing women on the land for stock breeding, fruit and market gardening, and other branches of agricultural work. Upwards of 400 women have been placed for ordinary farm work and market gardening. They are now organizing individuals and large and small groups for the spring and summer work.

"Happiness," said a pompous man, "is only the pursuit of something, not the catching of it."

"Oh, I don't know!" answered his plain friend. "Have you ever chased the last tram car on a rainy night?"

Naming The Farm

The Farm Name Should be Appropriate and Suggestive

You have a large dairy farm putting out high grade dairy butter. Your butter is all that you claim for it. It comes from the Meadow Brook Dairy Farm. The thrifty housewife phones her grocery order to the dealer who handles your butter. If she knows your product she says, "I want a pound of butter, not just butter, but Meadow Brook Dairy Farm butter."

The farm name should be appropriate, it should be suggestive. Sunny Brook Stock Farm should be near a sparkling little brooklet, not on a bald hill slope. Maple Grove Stock Farm should have a maple grove, and Pine Ridge Poultry Farm should be on a pine ridge. The name chosen should be characteristic of the farm for which it is intended. It should be plainly and neatly painted on a substantial signboard placed at the entrance drive to the farm home. Along with it should go the names of the products or product of which the farm makes a specialty, as "Pine Ridge Berry Farm—A Specialty of Strawberry Plants and Raspberry Bushes—R. P. Jaxon and Sons." This should appear, as well, on all letter-heads and envelopes used in connection with the business correspondence of the farm. In these days of highly developed advertising and specialization the farm without a name is minus the link which brings its products before the people economically and properly.

—F.J.K., in Successful Farming.

Disputed Territory

"Oh, mamma, I'll never disobey you again!" said Susie tearfully.

"Why, Susie, what have you done?"

"Well, I drank my milk at lunch and then I ate a pickle; and the milk said to the pickle, 'Here, you get out of here!' and the pickle said, 'I won't!' and now they are having an awful fuss."

The recent criticism in the press of the Anglo-Japanese alliance induced Premier Count Okuma to give an interview in which he condemned what he characterized as petty efforts to create an agitation against Great Britain. The premier declared unequivocally that there would be no wavering in Japan's fidelity to the alliance.

The cost of living has increased, since the outbreak of war in Vienna, 112 per cent., in Berlin 83 per cent., in Paris 65 per cent., in London, Eng., 49 per cent.

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Sunlight Soap is made for the housewife's profit, for only thereby can the makers hope to profit. Sunlight Soap makes your work lighter, your clothes whiter, your home brighter. It is mild and pure and does not harm either hands or fabric.

Sunlight Soap
5 CENTS

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KEEP YOUR
HORSES IN
PRIME WORKING
CONDITION



SOUND legs pull big loads. No horse with a Spavin, Splint, Curb, Ringbone, Bony Growth or Sprain, can do itself justice. Thousands of horsemen have been keeping their horses sound by using Kendall's Spavin Cure—the old reliable, safe remedy. Mr. Edmund H. Harrison, Ingoldside, Ont., writes—"I have cured two spavins with your Spavin Cure and am at present using it on a lame horse. The swelling is disappearing—also that lameness."

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

acts quickly, leaves no scars or blemishes, and costs little. \$1. bottle—4 for \$5. Get our valuable book—"Treatise on the horse"—free at your druggist or write us.

Dr. E. J. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURG FALLS, VERMONT, U.S.A.

Mr. John Ross Robertson, owner of the Toronto Telegram, is an old-time reporter, and as such has his eye open for good stories. He nailed one on the street car the other day. A soldier in khaki was sitting opposite a man in civilian attire, who observed that his knees must be very cold in the keen weather prevailing. "Not half so cold as your feet," was the sharp rejoinder.—Scottish American.

Difficult

A London man just back from the States says that a little girl on the train to Pittsburgh was chewing gum. Not only that, but she insisted on pulling it out in long strings and letting it fall back into her mouth again.

"Mabel!" said her mother in a horrified whisper. "Mabel, don't do that. Chew your gum like a little lady."—London Opinion.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The saving in the Soup Tureen

Bovril makes soups and stews so much more nourishing that they can often take the place of expensive joints. It saves many dollars in the kitchen. Bovril is the concentrated goodness of the best beef—so strong that it cannot possibly be manufactured in cheap cubes. Insist upon the real thing—Bovril in the Bovril bottle.

A would-be humorist, meeting an Irishman, thought he would be funny at his expense. "Hello, Mike!" he said. "I'll give you eight pence for a shilling."

"Will ye now?" asked Mike. "Yes," said the humorist. The Irishman handed over the shilling, and his friend put eightpence into his palm in return. "Eight in pence," he explained. "Not bad, is it?" "No," answered Mike, "but this shilling is!"

It is reported that the British board of agriculture are framing a great scheme, for the employment of female labor on the land, and an active canvass may shortly be commenced. 400,000 women will be required to take the places of the male agriculturists who have joined the colors.

A daily newspaper will be started by the German prisoners of war at Fort Henry, Ont.

Every Neuralgic Headache Cured! Use "Nerviline"—It Won't Fail

The Miraculous Healing Power of this Liniment Is Unfailing RUB ON NERVILINE

There may be a thousand pains; yet, excepting sciatica, neuralgia is the worst. Most remedies are not strong enough or penetrating enough to relieve neuralgia. You know everything you have tried has failed to give you even momentary relief, and you have decided that neuralgia must be borne forever.

Do not make this mistake—try NERVILINE.

Apply it to the sore spot. Notice the glow that spreads deeper and wider as

Nerviline's curative power is carried further and further into the tissue. How quickly the pain is soothed! How rapidly it lessens! In a little while you have forgotten the pain—it has actually gone.

Neuralgia gives Nerviline an opportunity of demonstrating its superiority over all other pain remedies. Not magic, as you might imagine after you have used it—simply the application of scientific knowledge to the relief of pain.

Nerviline is a great outcome of modern medical ideas. You cannot afford to be without it, because pain comes quickly and comes to us all. Guaranteed to cure the aches and pains in the whole family. Large bottles, 50 cents, trial size, 25 cents; at druggists, or the Catarrhoeus Co., Kingston, Canada.



Young Man, Don't Wait Until You are Fifty Before you begin to Save Up For Old Age.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY WILL SAVE MONEY AND MAKE MONEY FOR YOU Talk With One of Our Agents.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Has been the standard for years. The mica fills the pores in the spindle. Saves friction, wear and money.

Dealers Everywhere The Imperial Oil Co., Limited



They Shot Him

A Predatory Hawk is Used to Point a Moral Lesson

Cora Francis Stoddart, the president of the Scientific Temperance Federation of Boston, had occasion to get up some ammunition for a local option fight in Hudson, Mass. One of the features was a stuffed hawk that had annoyed some farmers by killing their hens. The angry farmers shot the hawk and stuffed it. Miss Stoddart put the hawk on exhibition in Hudson with the legend: "This hawk killed forty hens. Did the farmers license him? They shot him."

The farmers did not say, "That what's the use, let 'em go on killing the hens so we can get the feathers."

They did not say, "If we kill this hawk some other hawk will come and why discriminate between hawks? If we could kill all the hawks at once it would be different."

The farmers did not say, "That hawk has got a lot of money invested in claws and we don't want to destroy all his property."

The farmers did not say, "I am against interfering with a hawk's personal liberty. Hasn't he a right to make his living just as he sees fit? Why should we interfere with a hawk's private business and dictate to him as to what he shall eat and drink?"

The farmers did not try to work off any of this sort of rot. They destroyed the hawk that was destroying their chickens. Just so it is proposed to destroy the institution known as the saloon which is grinding up the sons and daughters of men in order to make money out of their downfall.—H. Arnold, M.B., M.C.P.S.

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Nervine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, No Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Nervine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Remedy Druggists or Nervine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W. N. U. 1102

A Chinese Wedding Ceremony

A native wedding took place during my stay at Foo Chow, and I found that wedding feasts are wonderful affairs, and that a maximum of noise is essential towards giving the newly-wedded pair a happy start in life. During three whole days our ears were assailed with the continual beating of drums, banging of tin cans, and popping of firecrackers, the poor little bride during this time being frequently paraded up and down "on view." Ultimately the affair ended in a fight amongst some coolies, and I was hastily summoned by a very worried-looking wedding guest to repair damages. Snatching up some bandages, together with the invaluable pink lint, I hastened to the scene of hostilities, to discover my prospective patient kneeling on the ground, covered with blood, and with the ruins of a chair fastened around his neck. The chair had penetrated rather deeply into the head and caused some oedema, but the wound was soon cleansed, the head bandaged, and the much subdued coolie sent off to a doctor to have the wound sewn up.—The Nursing Mirror.

SPRING BLOOD IS WATERY BLOOD

How to Get New Health and New Strength at This Season

Spring ailments are not imaginary. Even the most robust find the winter months most trying to their health. Confinement indoors, often in overheated and nearly always badly ventilated rooms—in the home, the office, the shop and the school—taxes the vitality of even the strongest. The blood becomes thin and watery and is clogged with impurities. Some people have headaches and a feeling of languor. Others are low-spirited and nervous. Still others are troubled with disfiguring pimples and skin eruptions; while some get up in the morning feeling just as tired as when they went to bed. These are all spring symptoms that the blood is out of order and that a medicine is needed. Many people take purgative medicines in the spring. This is a serious mistake. You cannot cure yourself with a medicine that gallops through your system and leaves you weaker still. This is all that a purgative does. What you need to give you health and strength in the spring is a tonic medicine that will enrich the blood and soothe the jangled nerves. And the one always reliable tonic and blood purifier is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

These Pills not only banish spring weakness but guard you against the more serious ailments that follow, such as anaemia, nervous debility, indigestion, rheumatism and other diseases due to bad blood. In proof of this Mrs. D. E. Hughes, Hazenmore, Sask., says: "About a year ago I was badly run down, my nerves were all unstrung, and I could not go upstairs without stopping to rest. As I was a long way from a doctor I determined to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and in the course of a few weeks I felt like a new person. As an all round restorative I can heartily recommend this medicine."

If you are ailing this spring you cannot afford, in your own interest, to overlook so valuable a medicine as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Killing Germs by Machinery

In order to prevent epidemics a wonderful system of regular daily disinfection is now carried out behind the battle lines, and war is waged against microbes on a wholesale scale. Specially designed machines are used in carrying out this work. Each machine consists of a steam lorry with two huge portable disinfectors, which are able to disinfect the clothes of a battalion of men in two hours. The cleansing agency is a steam, which is generated by the lorry engine itself, and this plays upon the garments and articles placed inside two large cylinders mounted on the wagon. A very long section of the front can be covered by these portable killers of germs in the field, and more than one epidemic has been nipped in the bud, thanks to their timely aid.

A Cure for Rheumatism.—A painful and persistent form of rheumatism is caused by impurities in the blood, the result of defective action of the liver and kidneys. The blood becomes tainted by the introduction of uric acid, which causes much pain in the tissues and in the joints. Farneless' Vegetable Pills are known to have effected many remarkable cures, and their use is strongly recommended. A trial of them will convince anyone of their value.

He Did It She always demanded instant and unquestioning obedience from her children. One afternoon a storm came up and she sent her little son John to close the trap leading to the flat roof of the house.

"But, mother," began John. "John, I told you to shut the trap." "Yes, but mother—" "John, shut that trap!" "All right, mother, if you say so—but—" Whereupon John slowly climbed the stairs and shut the trap. Four hours later the family gathered for dinner, but Aunt Mary, who was staying with the mother, did not appear. The mother did not have to ask many questions. John answered the first one: "Mother, she is on the roof."

"Any call here for a husband?" asked a fresh youth of a dignified saleswoman.

"Are you looking for a market?" she asked.

"Yes."

"Then get up on the 10-cent counter, please."

"Going to have a garden this spring?"

"Don't know. I'm going to plant a lot of seeds, but next July will tell whether or not it's a garden."

I STOPPED MY CATARRH SUFFERING OVER NIGHT

I Gladly Tell How—FREE Heals 24 Hours of Every Day

It is a new way. It is something absolutely different. No lotions, sprays or sticky smelling salves or creams. No pessaries, or any apparatus of any kind. Nothing to smoke or inhale. No steaming, or rubbing, or injections, or massage. No powder, no plaster, no keeping in the house. Nothing of that kind at all. Something new and different—something delightful and healthful—something that instantly succeeds. You do not have to wait, and linger, and put out a lot of money. You can stop it over night—and I will gladly tell you how—FREE. I am not a doctor and this is not a so-called doctor's prescription—but I am cured, and my friends are cured and you can be cured. Your suffering will stop at once like magic.

I AM FREE—YOU CAN BE FREE My catarrh was filthy and loathsome. It made me ill. It dulled my mind. It undermined my health and was weakening my will. The hacking, coughing, and spitting made me miserably ill, and my foul breath and disgusting habits made even my loved ones avoid me secretly. My delight in life was dulled and my faculties impaired. I knew that in time it would bring me to an untimely grave because every moment of my life it was slowly yet surely sapping my vitality. But I found a cure, and I am ready to tell you about it FREE. Write me promptly.

Send no money. Just your name and address on a postcard. Say: "Dear Sam Katz, Please tell me how you cured your catarrh and how I can cure mine." That's all you need to say. I will understand, and I will write to you with complete information FREE, at once. Do not delay. Send the postcard or write me a letter to-day. Don't think of turning this page until you have asked for this wonderful treatment that it can do for you when it has done for me.

SAM KATZ, Suite M 1101 142 Mutual Street - Toronto, Ont.

Captain Roald Amundsen, according to a Central News despatch from Christiania, will start on a North Pole expedition in the spring of 1917. As money conditions are now more favorable, he has decided to accept the subsidy of 200,000 kroner granted by the Storting before the outbreak of the war, but which he had not accepted on the ground that in the new conditions the state might find more useful employment for the money.

Captain Amundsen, the despatch adds, intends to use a new 100-ton motor vessel, and to sail from Behring Strait towards the Pole and to return between Spitzbergen and Greenland.

Warts on the hands is a disfigurement that troubles many ladies. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove the blemishes without pain.

How Portugal Can Help

Portugal's entry into the war will be of some value to the allies. By a treaty going back to the early years of the last century, Portugal is an ally of Great Britain, is bound in the event of war to take a certain share in the hostilities if called upon.

Hitherto Portugal has contented herself with rendering some assistance in Africa, but presumably Germany's declaration of war upon her will incline her to more active efforts. Whether she will despatch an expeditionary army abroad remains to be seen. At most she could spare only 75,000 men, while her naval forces are negligible. It is more likely, therefore, that she will place her ports and colonial possessions at the allies' disposal and turn over to them many of the German ships whose seizure has been the direct cause of the outbreak of hostilities.

A Passport to the Front

The only passport to the front which is not fraught with a thousand difficulties is a simple little telegram. With it a woman—it is nearly always a woman—can leave London, get aboard ship, pass through Boulogne, and arrive at the front without any other document. But it is not a passport that any woman would wish to have, for that little telegram is sent only to the relative of some soldier abroad who is dangerously ill.

The church army has a special branch which looks after the woman who receives the sad summons. The army sisters meet her in London; she stays the night if need be, in one of their homes. She is escorted to the train for the front, and is met at Boulogne. She gets to the base hospital, and then her dear boy sees her and smiles happily, and, perhaps receives his last promotion. But very often these dangerous cases recover, and there are joyous hours before the journey home is made.

The war office helps women in very poor circumstances, and the church army frequently makes the way easy, too.—London Observer.

The island of St. Thomas, in the Danish West Indies, which President Wilson wants to purchase on account of the strategic value for the Panama Canal, has long been coveted by the United States. The first of five unsuccessful attempts to acquire this naval base was made by Secretary Seward. St. Thomas now produces only rum, but makes an admirable coaling station, having the finest land-locked harbor in the West Indies. Oddly enough, although the British held the island only for a few years at infrequent intervals, the predominant language is English.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Bay of Islands. J. M. CAMPBELL.

I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

I was cured by Chronic Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Albert Co., N.B. GEO. TINGLEY.

Squire—You say you are too old for the army, and you can't do heavy work. What can you do? The Weary One—Well, wot's the greenhouse to keep hout the hincts?

The Oil of Power.—It is not claimed for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it will cure every ill, but its uses are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness for itself and all attempts to surpass it have failed. Its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learnt by experience.

There are known to be held in German ports 83 British merchant ships, eighty interned at the outbreak of war, and three captured, of an aggregate tonnage of 180,714 tons.

A Scotch minister in need of funds thus conveyed his intentions to his congregation:

"Weel, friends, the kirk is urgently in need of siller, and as we have failed to get money honestly we will have to see what a bazaar can do for us."

Indignant Professor—Quit this quibbling, sir! Who was King Henry VIII? Answer "yes" or "no."

MAKES THE WHITEST BREAD

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for more than forty years.

Enough for 5c. to produce 50 large loaves of fine, wholesome nourishing home made bread. Do not experiment, there is nothing just as good.

EWGILLET CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT. WINNIPEG MONTREAL

Had a Grievance Private Sniggs had been badly wounded, but it wasn't that which made him frown and mutter to himself.

"Wot's up, matey?" called another wounded Tommy from the next bed in the sunny ward of a big hospital in England.

"Well, it's this way," was the reply, after a bit of hesitation. "Yer see, the bullet that put me 'ere got me in the ribs an' then paid a visit to old 'Awkins, who was standin' next me in the trench, an' jus' took a bit o' flesh out of 'is arm."

"Course I'm glad 'e wasn't 'urt bad. But 'e's stuck to my bullet an' gorn an' given it to 'is girl! Now I think as 'ow that's a bit off, 'cos I'd mos' right to it, reely. Any'ow, I'd never give a girl o' mine a second—and bullet!"

Wonderful Bilious Remedy Actually Prevents Attacks

There are two great causes of biliousness—they are constipation and defective liver action.

When Dr. Hamilton's Pills are taken, they not only correct constipated bowels, but act upon the liver as well.

Quite unlike ordinary medicines which purge and give temporary relief, Dr. Hamilton's Pills remove the conditions which cause biliousness, and thus permanent cures are effected. No person who occasionally uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills will ever suffer from the headache, bad stomach or bilious complaint. Get a 25c box today.

Life by Night

In some of the great towns of England the darkened streets have led to many curious changes in life by night. Shops are being closed at 5 o'clock, and the London theatres and "movies" have fewer evening performances; churches which cannot afford blinds to screen their windows are giving up their evening services.

But, of course, many people must go out after dark, and a vast amount of traffic is still carried on, so all sorts of curious devices are adopted to make plain the way in the darkened streets. The kerbs of the pavements are whitened, lamps hung low down mark out the bases of street refugees.

The London policeman, one of the most important figures in the streets of the great metropolis, now wears a white armband so that his signal may be seen in traffic, and to guard him from being run down from the rear he wears a small lantern fixed to his belt at the back.

Nervous & Sleepless

Take 2 Tablets at Bedtime and you will arise feeling Refreshed, Bright & Vigorous.

When you feel gloomy and depressed and cannot sleep, suspect your nerves. When you shrink from company and would rather be alone you are losing confidence in yourself, and that can only mean weak nerves. It is not natural to be solitary and unsocial, it shows clearly that vitality has become reduced, and the nervous system correspondingly weakened. But take Dr. Cassell's Tablets for such a condition and you will be astonished at the results, astonished at the bright new health you will gain, at the splendid vigour and vitality they will give you.

Mr. Poole, a business man of 60, Infirmary Road, Sheffield, England, says:—"I had lost all confidence in myself, and was actually afraid to meet people. The alertness and activity I had formerly possessed were gone. My digestion was feeble, and sleeplessness was terrible. But when I commenced taking Dr. Cassell's Tablets I soon felt better. Now I am as well and fit as any man of my age."

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are Nutritive, Restorative, Alterative, and Anti-Spasmotic, and of great Therapeutic value in all derangements of the Nerve and Functional Systems in old or young. They are the recognized modern home remedy for Nervous Breakdown, Nerve and Spinal Paralysis, Infantile Paralysis, Rickets, St. Vitus' Dance, Anæmia, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Dyspepsia, Stomach Catarrh, Brain Fag, Headache, Palpitation, Wasting Diseases, Vital Exhaustion, Loss of Flesh, and Premature Decay. Specially valuable for Nursing Mothers and during the Critical Periods of Life.

Druggists and Dealers throughout Canada sell Dr. Cassell's Tablets. If not procurable in your city send to the sole agents, Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto; one tube 50 cents, six tubes for the price of five. War Tax Extra, 2 cents per tube.

Sole Proprietors—Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets

GET A FREE SAMPLE

Send your name and address and 2 cents for postage to Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto, and a generous sample will be mailed you free of charge.

Britain's Greatest Remedy

Peace Only After Victory

In an address of welcome to the visiting Russian officials and members of the Duma on Monday, Premier Briand said that the Franco-Russian Alliance never had had any other purpose than maintenance of peace and the stability of the European equilibrium. The premier asserted France and Russia had made a supreme effort to avoid an European war, and said the future could be regarded with confidence.

The peace which the Allies would demand, Mr. Briand continued, would be without intrigue and it would come only after a decisive victory, which would ensure the world against a similar catastrophe.

Orchard Pests Appear in East.

An examination of the orchards in the Clendeboye, Ont., district has revealed the presence of large numbers of the tent caterpillar. The webs are small but the caterpillar grows rapidly and soon demolishes the trees. Farmers in this vicinity de-

clare that unless something is done to check the menace the damage to the orchards will entail a heavy loss to the fruit growers.

On The Point Of Famine.

The Vatican is in receipt of confidential information to the effect that the shortage of food in the Central Empires is verging on famine, especially in Austria, where conditions are described as being worse than those in Germany. It is said that the Emperor Francis Joseph will protest to the Pope against 'inhuman attempts of the Allies to starve non-combatants'.

Tornado in Iowa.

A tornado which swept across central Iowa on Monday did considerable damage to buildings, but so far as has been learned, no one has been injured.

One of the outbuildings of the Jasper County poor farm was wrecked, and the roof was torn from the main building.

Houses, barns and livestock were swept away by the storm at Burrell, a mining town, nine miles north of Des Moines.

Gleichen Stampede

(Continued from page 1)

most popular and exciting event, three to be competed for each day.

The management have under consideration several novelties, one being a Wild Steer Race which should vie in popularity with last year's most spectacular event, the Wild Horse Race which also will be put on this year.

One rancher has donated a selected bunch of twenty white-faced range steers and several others have offered to supply the wild horses for these events. The management are scouring the country for suitable steers for the roping and the method of competition in this should prove one of the most attractive features of the Stampede.

Individual effort is to be replaced by combination and one or more local teams of five will be selected by the management to compete with one from Medicine Hat and the East and another from Cochrane and the West. One steer a day will be roped and tied by each contestant and the best aggregate time will win. The Gold Championship Medal will go to the best individual time.

The programme is a long and varied one of genuine contests that can only reproduced in a district where they form the everyday occupation of the contestants and the management are straining every effort to carry it through without hitch or wait.

The prize list is a most generous one, over five thousand dollars, much of which has been donated by local merchants who are determined to make our contribution to Patriotism as large as possible.

Entertainments will be the order each night and for those who wish to sleep ample accommodation is being arranged for including a train of sleepers.

Special trains will leave Calgary each day.

The Gleichen Ladies' Patriotic Society has undertaken to conduct a cafeteria in Town where each day a good substantial dinner and supper can be obtained. Assisted by the local Cadets they will serve light refreshments on the grounds, and with the aid of the belles of the district conduct a vigorous tagging campaign. They will also manage the night-dance.

The bands of several of Alberta's Battalions are expected here to help crown our patriotic effort with success and with their martial music to remind those who are eligible of another duty to our Country and Empire.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Arthur Mitchell.

Mortgage Sale of Farm Property.

Pursuant to the director of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale. There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Village of Vulcan in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 17th, day of June, 1916 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely: The North East Quarter of Section four (4) Township Eighteen (18), Range Twenty-five (25) West of the Fourth Meridian, containing by admeasurement One hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, as more particularly described in Certificate of Title L. K. 9.

Terms of sale to be fifteen per cent cash at time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon the application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save and except the exceptions and reservations contained in the original grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title, and any seed grain lien in favour of the Crown, and taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about three miles from the Ensign Railway Station and

TEA AND COFFEE SPECIALS FOR THIS WEEK-END

For this week-end we make a special offering of TEA and COFFEE

Black Tea, extra select, per lb.	60c
" " 5 lbs. at 58c lb., 10 lbs. at 56c lb.	
Black Tea, Fancy B.O.P., fancy blend, lb.	52c
" " 5 lbs. at 50c lb., 10 lbs. at 48c lb.	
Black Tea, very fine blend, per lb.	40c
" " 5 lbs. at 38c lb., 10 lbs. at 37c lb.	
Black Tea, Ceylon special, per lb.	45c
" " 5 lbs. at 43c lb., 10 lbs. at 40c lb.	
Japan Tea, Sun cured, something nice, lb.	45c
" " 5 lbs. at 43c lb., 10 lbs. at 42c lb.	
Coffee, very select blend, per lb.	39c
5 lbs. at 37c lb., 10 lbs. at 35c, 25 lbs. at 33c lb.	
Coffee, fine bean and flavor, per lb.	35c
" " 5 lbs. at 33c lb., 10 lbs. at 32c lb.	

Also see our new arrivals in Towels, Toweling, Sheets, Sheeting, Genuine Irish Damasks, etc.

Fresh Meats. Highest Prices Paid for Farm Produce

Vulcan Trading Co. Ltd.
VULCAN :-- ALBERTA

VULCAN

Will Celebrate

ON

JULY 1st, 1916

A good programme has been arranged by the
Vulcan Agricultural Society
under whose auspices the celebration will be held

O-CEDAR POLISH and MOPS

Triangular Mop	75c and 1.25
Round Mop	1.00 and 1.50
Triangular Combination, 1 dry and one oiled mop, both for	1.25
O-Cedar Polish, 4 oz. bottle	25c
" " 12 " "	50c
" " 1 quart can	1.25
" " 1-2 gallon can	2.00
" " 1 gallon can	3.00

Buy in large cans and save money

Sanitary Dustpans, save stooping 70c
Dustpan Brush, save stooping 25c
Scrubbing Brushes and Brooms, a large variety to choose from.

J. WOLFE

Vulcan,

Alberta

THIS WEEK'S Store News

Just opened up ready for your inspection the following lines

Ladies Raincoats,
Gents Raincoats,
See our Special at 4.50
Slicker Coats,
Riding Slickers,
Slicker Suits

E. E. McINTOSH

"The Store of Good Service"

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 23rd June, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twelve times per week each way, between Brant and Railway Station (C.P.R.) from the 1st October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Brant and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

D. A. BRUCE,
Post Office Inspector,
Post Office Inspector's Office, Calgary
12th May 1916.

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1	92
" " No. 2	89
" " No. 3	84
Rejected No. 1	83
" " No. 2	80
" " No. 3	75
Oats, No. 2 C.W.	33
" Extra No. 1 Feed	30
" No. 1 Feed	29
" No. 2 Feed	28
Barley, No. 3	45
" No. 4	38
Feed	30
Flax No. 1, N. W.	136
" " No. 2 C.W.	133
" " No. 3 C.W.	114
Rye	60
Eggs	22
Butter	30
Cattle, live	
Cows	
Hogs	09
Dressed Hogs	11



BANK OF HAMILTON

ESTABLISHED 1872

CHARACTER

Systematic saving is an index to character. The power to resist the temptation to spend is developed and strengthened by the possession of a Bank Account. Our Savings Department will help you.

BANK OF HAMILTON
A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000
Capital Paid-up \$3,000,000
Surplus \$3,475,000